OLYMPIC LEADER

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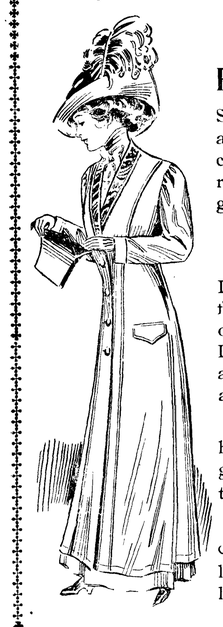
Phelps Dry Goods Co's.

Tailored Suits for Summerwear

The opportunity of the season to get fine Tailored Suits The very newest models, a large assortment of styles and colers select from. Plain and fancy trimmed, satin lined Jackets. Come early for the best selection



Taffetas, Messalines Foulards, Rajah Pongees

Solid colors as well as figured Foulards and striped and checked Taffetas The colors are all good — black, navy, rose, reseda, tan, brown, light blue, pearl, gray, wine and white

One Piece Dresses

In Home Spun Sild in all colors suitable for afternoon and evening wear. Also, one piece dresses in fine Ginghams and Duck; all of these suits are well made and handsomely designed, suitable for any and all occasions

Made of all kinds of Lingeries. We have a special line in White suitable for graduation dresses. This is a new line that arrived this week

This is your golden opportunity to secure a dainty white lingerie dress. Every lady's summer warkrobe should have at least one.

Unequaled Wash Dress Goods

These dresses are very pretty style, mode from a good, durable qnality of Indian Head Dutch neck, new tunic or overskirt effect Braid trimmed and ffnished with wide strapping of contrasting shade Pink, lavender, light blue and tan

These Goods Will be Sold at Big Reduction

Phelps Dry Goods Co.

The Only Recognized Leading Hostelry for Public and Commercial Travelers

Hotel Angeles

M. J. KERKES, Proprietor.

Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners, Luncheons and Spreads.

The only newly furnished hotel in the city and best accommodations. All patrons given special care and attention.

The only house in Port Angeles selling imported goods. Orders delivered free to all parts of the city.

We sell Coberger Beer in bottles.

$25 CASH
$10 PER MONTH
Buys Ten-Acre Homes

Of the finest vegetable and fruit land in western Washington; 30 minutes drive from postoffice at Port Angeles. This land will eventually become city property. Prices $50 to $65 per acre. TERMS $25 cash on on each 10 acre tract Balance $10 per month.

100 Lots in Mallette Second Addition. $10 cash on each lot. Balance $2 50 per manth. Price $65 and $75 per corners.

Further Particulars Write to

Chehalis Realty Company

Port Angeles, Washington

NEW SCHEME FOR BUILDING BRIDGES

Under Assessment District Plan Problem Could Be Easily Solved.

President Levy of the Commercial Club has taken up the question of opening up a street thru from the eastern to the western city limits, and is advocating the selection of Fifth street as the one to be thus improved. He estimates the cost of bridges required to be not far from $20,000.00

Mr. Levy contends, as has the Olympic-Leader several times heretofore, that the cost of bridging the big gulches will be less at Fifth street; that the sides of the gulches are more suitable for the work at Fifth; and that Fifth is level and already practically open from Lincoln Heights to Peabody street, lacking only the bridges to make it complete.

At this point, however, Mr. Levy branches off with a radically new idea. Heretofore it has been taken for granted that the building of bridges across Tumwater and Valley will be an improvement of a general public nature and as such should be paid for by the city as a whole. It is in this manner that the other six bridges have been built and maintained, and that the trestle up Lincoln Heights was built. It has been frequently pointed out that these bridges, being on a main county thoroughfare should be largely paid for out of the county bridge fund, into which the city's taxpayers have already paid three times their cost, and from which fund said taxpayers have derived little benefit.

Mr. Levy, instead of following the present custom of co-operation of county, city and citizens, would create an assessment district extending, on Fifth, from M street on the west to Vine, at which point in order to avoid crossing the gulch diagonally, he would go south one block, returning north to Fourth on Chambers and continuing to the eastern city limits with a new bridge across White creek on Fourth street.

Mr. Levy states that Fifth street from M to Tumwater is practically open and the cost of grubbing, clearing and rounding off will be merely nominal; that the bridge at Sixth and Eunice will not exceed 350 feet and will cost not to exceed $2,000; that the cost of clearing and grubbing the streets to the east will, the country being level, be very light, unless the street be carried to the easterly limits in which case another bridge across White creek will be necessary. It will be noted that the new road, from Peabody and Fifth to the eastern city limits, would be two blocks longer than the present Front street route

Mr. Levy estimates the total cost at about $29,000, the four bridges costing $20,000, and the cost of putting in these two big bridges, together with the minor street improvements of an ordinary character, he would apportion as follows, which amounts to practically one-third the value of the unimproved property:

From east city limits to Alder on Fourth, 50 lots at $15	$ 750
Alder to Chambers on Fourth, 64 lots at $30	1920
Fourth to Sixth on Chambers, 8 lots at $50	400
Chambers to Vine on Sixth, 94 lots at $50	4700
Sixth to Fifth on Vine, 4 lots at $50	200
Vine to Laurel on Fifth, 64 lots at $75	4800
Laurel to edge of gulch, 46 lots at $100	4600
Across Pine Hill on Fifth, 32 lots at $75	2500
Tumwater to E street, 100 lots at $50	5000
E to I on Fifth, 80 lots at $35	2800
I to M on Fifth, 60 lots at $25	1500
Total,	$29070

The members of the Junior class in High School gave a lawn fete to the Seniors last evening at the home of Miss Ruby Jackson. The lawn was brilliantly lighted with Japanese lanterns and the class colors and pennants were used in artistic decoration. Various games and most delicious refreshments were the chief features of this very enjoyable evening.

Ed. Morris, giving his residence as Port Angeles, was sentenced this week to five years for fraud by the Vancouver, B. C., authorities. If this is our Ed., he has long since given up his residence in this city.

PROSPEROUS "DRY" PULLMAN

Business Men of Pullman Give Expression of Opinion on Conditions Under Local Option.

To the cry that the closing of the saloons will kill the town, we herewith present copies of letters written by business men of Pullman touching upon conditions there since the town first went "dry," two and-a-half years ago. The letters were written in answer to inquiries as to conditions at Pullman before and since the place voted "dry," and were first published in the current number of The American Issue, and may be relied upon as absolutely correct in every particular.

We do not believe there is anything to the argument that the throwing out of the saloons would hurt the town. Even if there was any truth in the argument, and there is none, we believe with the Friday Harbor Islander that it would be far "better to sacrifice a few dollars than to live in a place that has for years openly offered the evil temptations which our young boys and girls have had to face." We also believe with the Islander when it says, "that, on the other hand, it would be but a short time until business conditions in every legitimate line of trade will show a marked improvement. It has been the history of every other community where similar conditions have existed, that bank deposits have increased, that homes have been better provided for, children better protected and cared for and that there are more heads of families owning their homes than under the saloon system." But here are the letters:

Pullman, Wash, Nov. 23,'09.

We are well satisfied with the growth of our business in Pullman during the last two years under prohibition, and would regret to see a return to the old system.

Windus & Ellsworth,
Boots and Shoes.

Pullman, Wash., Nov. 29, '09.

Dear Sir:—In reply to your request we are pleased to give you the following statement relative to our business since the town went "dry." We have had a "dry" town for the past two years and they have been the largest, from a business standpoint, in the history of our firm. Cash sales have increased in proportion to the increased business and our collections are decidedly better. Under no circumstances would we favor going back to a "wet" town, for conditions could not be better than they have been the past two years.

Burgan-Emerson Co.,
J. N. Emerson, Vice-Prest.
General Merchandise.

THE PACIFIC FARMERS UNION.

Pullman, Wash., Nov., 23, '09.

Dear Sir:—In reply to your inquiry as to the relative amount of business done in this office now and two years ago when Pullman had saloons, I take pleasure in submitting the following statement:

Two years ago this office was working two and three men and its business ran from $400 to $500 per month. During the past year we have added over $4,000 worth of new equipment in order to handle our rapidly increasing business, and the receipts of this office now run from $1,000 to $1,500 per month. It is my belief that every business in Pullman is today better than it was when Pullman had saloons. Our business has shown a steady increase since the saloons were closed.

Respectfully yours,
C. H. Talmage,
President-Manager

TAE PALACE HOTEL.

Pullman, Wash., Nov. 24, '09.

Dear Sir:—Answering your inquiry as to our business during the past two years—the same has shown a steady increase and we are now adding 15 more rooms to our new brick hotel and many other permanent improvements. During the first nine months of my lease three saloons were operated in Pullman. This hotel for many years has had no bar room and so far as the business of this house is concerned, the closing of the saloons did not affect us; on the contrary our general volume of business has been steadily increasing. It has been a matter of general comment that farmers' families are better clothed in many cases and the farmers are either paying cash or paying more promptly than during the period when saloons were here.

Yours very truly,
A. H. Dawson.

Continued on page 8.

...THE... Leader Department STORE

We Offer for ONE WEEK The Famous COUNTESS WAISTS at a Reduced Price

Made of Silk Chiffon, Satin and Net, latest Style and Perfect Workmanship

Reduced For One Week Only

Reduced Note Values

Navy Blue Taffeta Waists regular price 4.50 now 3.50

Wine Color Taffeta Waists regular price 4.75 now 3.00

Dark Blue Taffeta Waists, trimmed with black silk braid, regular price 5.00 reduced to 3.75

Light Gray Taffeta Waists, trimmed with black silk braid, regular price 5.00 reduced to 3.75

Blue and White stripe Taffeta Waists, regular price 5.00 reduced to 3.75

Black Taffeta Waists, trimmed with black jet buttons, regular price 5.00 reduced to 3.50 For One Week Only

White Net Waists, silk lining, reg. price 5.00 now 3.25

Green Changeable Taffeta Waists, reg. 5.50 now 3.75

Lavender Taffeta Silk Waists, reg. price 5.50 now 3.75

Black Taffeta Waists, regular price 5.50 reduced to 4.50

Black Taffeta Waists, regular price 5.75 reduced to 4.75

Brown Messaline Waists, trimmed with cream lace and braid, regular price 6.00 reduced to 5.00

Black Messaline Waists, trimmed with black net, regular price 6.25 reduced to 5.25. One week only.

Green changeable fancy trimmed Waists, regular price 6.50 redtced to 4.50.

White Net Waists with Silk Lining, trimmed with insertion and crochet buttons, regular price 6.50 reduced to 4.50.

Roseda Green Silk Chiffon Waists, handsomely trimmed with gilt braid net and buttons, regular price 7.50 reduced to 6.00.

Light Blue Silk Chiffon Waists, regular price 8.50 reduced to 6.00.

Gray Silk Chiffon Waists, trimmed with allover and braid reduced from 8.50 to 6.75.

LEADER DEPARTMENT STORE

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

A full count shows that the initiative and referendum and the recall were adopted at Denver last week.

James Wickersham, delegate from Alaska, announces his candidacy for re-election in a cable from Washington to the Juneau Daily Dispatch.

Fast work by the new men of the Nebraska squad gave Nebraska University the victory over Minnesota in the track meet at Lincoln, Neb., 63 to 42.

The Bethlehem steel strike has been officially declared off, the executive committee of the strikers accepting the terms offered by President Schwab of the company.

Thomas F. Ryan has bought the Yerkes art gallery at New York. The price paid is not given. The property was bought by a New York real estate dealer on April 20 for $1,239,000.

The interior department is preparing for the establishment of the bureau of mines, in accordance with the recent enactment of congress creating it as a co-ordinate division in that department.

The Erie railroad has averted a strike of its conductors and trainmen for the present at least by offering at a conference with representatives of the unions to submit a new proposition on the question of increased wages.

James M. Lynch was re-elected president of the International Typographical Union by a majority of more than 8,000 votes in the election held throughout by the organization May 8. Announcement of the vote was made Saturday.

Mrs. Ella Flagg Young, superintendent of schools, was elected to succeed herself for six months at a meeting of the Chicago board of education. The University of Illinois will confer on Mrs. Young the degree of doctor of law at the commencement exercises in July.

It is announced that Edwin Hawin Hawley has purchased the Texas Central railway and that the line will become part of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas system. The line extends from Waco northwest a distance of 281 miles, penetrating a section not hitherto reached by the Hawley-Yoakum lines.

The United States gunboats Paducah and Dubuque landed 160 bluejackets at Bluefields last week to protect American interests in Bluefields and to prevent fighting within the town limits. The American force is prepared for any emergency, having taken ashore several field guns and rapid firers.

The house committee on territories was considering railroad legislation for Alaska all last week. Most of the time has been occupied in hearing argument from Delegate Wickersham, who is supporting O. P. Hubbard's bill for a line from Valdez to Fairbanks and also a general railway aid policy.

TRANSIT OF COMET HAS NO VISIBLE EFFECT

Honolulu, May 19.—Prof. F. Ellerman, of Mount Wilson observatory, and his staff of New York astronomers, who crossed a continent and 3,000 miles of ocean to Hawaii to observe the passage of Halley's comet across the sun, reported that their observations were fruitless.

The six and a half-inch telescope used at the temporary observatory at Diamond Head failed to show a disc at the moment of conjunction. Prof. J. S. Donagho of the College of Hawaii observatory at Kaimuki also reported failure to see the comet in transit. The weather was perfectly clear.

Although the most sensitive instruments known to science were used in an attempt to record the passage of the earth through the comet's tail, no effects on the earth's atmosphere were noted.

Bible Class Men March.

Washington, May 21.—To the strain of "Onward, Christian Soldiers," an army of more than 10,000 members of the men's Bible classes from all parts of the world marched down Pennsylvania avenue and around the capitol on their way to a monster mass meeting in Convention hall Friday. This was the feature of the session of the World's Sunday School Association. Practically every country in the world and every state of the Union was represented.

Cascade Track Improvement.

Great Northern officials will start active work on the track improvements near the Cascade tunnel within ten days and before the end of summer will have changed tracks and built snow sheds that will make a repetition of the Wellington disaster impossible. Engineers now are at work on the line both on the east and west sides of the tunnel making final surveys and a close estimate of the probable cost of the improvement.

Washington State News Items

The spring run of Quinnault salmon is reported heavy.

Yacolt has voted in favor of constructing waterworks.

Ridgfield is to have a new high school building to cost $12,000.

Tacoma school teachers have been granted substantial salary increases.

A new lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen has been organized at North Yakima with a membership of eighty.

Work on a drainage system for the Yakima Indian reservation, to construct which $600,000 has already been appropriated, will be commenced as soon as possible.

Two new school districts adjoining Chesaw on the south and west have been petitioned for and granted. Suitable buildings will be erected in each district and regular full terms will open next fall.

Hoquiam Elks dedicated their $30,000 home last week with a grand ball.

Everett wharf facilities have been increased by the opening of the Great Northern docks at that place to general business.

A parade of the three hundred automobiles in North Yakima is planned by the committee in charge of the opening feature of the grand celebration of the opening of the first unit of the Tieton project on June 8.

The Great Northern passenger and publicity agents and George M. Allen, deputy commissioner under the secretary of state, have been touring the Okanogan valley compiling data for various booklets of exploitation.

Arguments were heard by the state supreme court Friday and taken under advisement whether or not the adoption of a township organization in Spokane county should prevent the proposed local option election May 31.

Great Northern freight and passenger service between Seattle and Portland will be inaugurated June 19. Freight tariffs have been issued by direction of M. J. Costello, assistant traffic manager, and a tentative passenger schedule has been submitted for approval.

The state supreme court has reversed the Lewis county superior court and sustained the contention of the grange of that county that the county commissioners had no legal right to appropriate $5,000 county funds to aid the Southwest Washington Fair Association.

Because he wrote a letter to H. L. Bowlby, state highway commissioner, which the latter considered reflected on him, M. H. Gilliam, of Spokane, superintendent in charge of the convict rock crushing plant at Muskill, in Lewis county, has been removed. F. W. Belding was ordered to relieve him.

Jefferson county now stands third in dairy products among the counties of the state. King county leads in butter production with 1,377,479 pounds, while Snohomish county holds second place with an output of 973,875. Jefferson is third with an output of 813,129. The total product of the state was 8,473,612.

EVIDENCE ALL TAKEN IN BALLINGER CASE

Washington, May 21.—With all the testimony to be presented before it, the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation committeen took steps to bring to a speedy conclusion congressional inquiry that has been in progress for months.

Two days next week—Friday and Saturday—have been allotted the lawyers to make their closing arguments. Then the public hearings will end and the attorneys will have fifteen days in which to submit briefs, after which the committee will begin executive sessions to weigh the evidence.

The "prosecution," as the Pinchot side of the controversy is known, began the presentation of evidence January 26 and concluded March 18. Since that time the committee has been hearing the Ballinger "defense."

Both sides will have opportunity to add to the already bulky records, papers and affidavits of a certain character.

Shingle Output Is Cut.

Everett, May 19.—Shingle mills of Everett are resuming operation after the temporary shutdown to curtail the output of mills of the state. This curtailmen, according to Secretary D. A. Ford, of the Washington Shingle Graders' Association, amounted to about 300,000,000 shingles, as 50 per cent of the mills of the state were closed, resulting in a reduction of the daily output to the extent of 25,000,000.

Great Catholic Meeting This Fall.

Montreal, Quebec, May 23.—One of the greatest Roman Catholic gatherings ever held in North America will take place here in September, when the twenty-first international Eucharistic congress convenes. Cardinal Gibbons has accepted the invitation of Archbishop Abruchest, of Montreal, to participate. Many prominent Catholic prelates from different sections will gather in conference.

Public Market for Vancouver.

Vancouver, Wash., May 23.—Built on two sides of the North Bank road, and connected with a passageway under the track, the public market of Vancouver is under construction, at a cost of $12,000.

MEDICAL "TRUST" OPPOSED

LEAGUE FORMED TO SECURE FREEDOM FROM THIS DOMINATION.

Campaign Begins Against Bills Before Congress Which It Is Claimed Curtail Liberty of All Citizens—B. O. Flower, of Twentieth Century Magazine, Head of New Society.

New York, May 23.—During the past week announcement has been made of a far-reaching organization that has for its object "the freedom of citizens from government by political doctors."

A prospectus explicity states that this new league is not opposed to sanitation or quarantine, properly administered, and that it makes no war on and has no quarrel with the faithful medical man of whatever school.

An extensive campaign has been arranged against the existing efforts of the American Medical Association to have Congress consider five bills which, if passed, would commit the United States government to the establishment of system of medicine denying to the people the right to determine for themselves the kind of medical treatment they should employ.

The organization is known as the National League for Medical Freedom, and has for its president B. O. Flower of Boston, editor of the Twentieth Century Magazine. The league has headquarters in the Metropolitan building, Madison avenue, New York city, and is asking for membership in every city of the country.

To quote from some of its literature: "No fee is required for membership in this league. Send your name and address for literature. Also write immediately your representative at Washington protesting against any bills of this character."

B. O. Flower, who was the founder of the Arena and has a worldwide reputation as a magazine editor and writer upon subjects pertaining to the betterment of mankind, in an interview said:

"The aim and purpose of this league in the maintenance of the rights of the American people against unnecessary, unjust, oppressive, paternal and un-American laws, ostensibly related to the subject of health.

"They will strive to protect the people in the enjoyment of one of the most sacred rights for which man has to contend against privilege seeking classes—a right to select the physician of his choice in the hour of sickness.

"They will seek, through publicity and education, to unmask and oppose any legislation which endeavors to put into power any one system of healing, and use the government prestige, money and machinery to enforce its theories and opinions upon citizens who believe in another form of healing."

Mr. Flower also called attention to a paper read before the Mississippi Valley Association Nov. 9, 1909, by Prof. G. Frank Lydston, M. D., who holds an important chair in the medical department of the University of Illinois. Dr. Lydston said:

"Despotism in medicine is not a theary; it is a condition, one that should alarm all save its strict beneficiaries. No physician can, with equanimity, survey the trend of affairs medical in America unless he has no interest in personal liberty, or has forgotten the ideals of our medical forefathers. . . . The more speciously fair the mask self-interest wears, the more dangerous it becomes. . . . Under the present political regime, the American Medical Association has developed into a medical, political and commercial trust."

Mr. Flower also contends that the American Medical Association was thoroughly organized for political purposes as far back as 1905, and that today it is a vast machine, whose ramifications extend throughout the entire nation. He said: "Its ultimate aim in every instance where it has dared to reveal its real purpose is the securing of monopoly rights, and the exercise of arbitarary and despotic power, that is at once unjust, reactionary, morally unsound, undemocratic, and which would enormously increase the burdens of the tax-payers.

"Consider for a moment these grave facts:

"First, if a national department or health bureau is established, it will be dominated by the American Medical Association.

"Second, the American Medical Association has long been aggressively favoring monopoly legislation or restrictive laws that would deny the intelligent citizen the practitioner of his choice, if that practitioner did not conform to the creeds, dogmas and regulations of those seeking protection.

"Third, there are millions of highly intelligent citizens whose belief in regard to the healing of the body diametrically opposes that of the regular profession. Indeed, there are in our midst today great and rapidly growing schools or systems of thought that number among their adherents hundreds of thousands of individuals who have been restored to health and the enjoyment of life after they had signally failed to obtain relief under the regular medical treatment.

"It is idle to say that the contemplated legislation would not develop into a despotism. The whole history of the political doctors and the organized medical societies that are behind this movement clearly indicates that such is the ultimate aim, and would be the inevitable result; and nothing in the history of recent administrations has been more disquieting to friends of popular government and fundamental democracy than the steady arrogation by the bureaus of functions and powers not expressly granted to them.

"The legislation that we are combatting would, if successful, mark another long stride in the march of centralization and the establishment of a Russian bureaucratic system in the place of the democracy of the fathers, inimical to the rights of the people and contrary to the growing spirit of opposition to trusts, monopolies and privileged interests which is so marked at the present time; while such a bureau as is contemplated would soon entail an enormous and ever-increasing burden of expense to the taxpayers.

"Indeed, Professor Irving Fisher, president of the committee of 100, engineering the proposed legislation at Washington, in a letter written some time ago to a physician in New York, and read in a recent hearing, stated that, 'once started, it will surely expand within a decade so that millions upon millions of government money will be put into this new form of national defense.'"

CHAUTAUQUE MEETING ON WHIDBY ISLAND

Seattle, May 23.—The Northwest Chautauqua assembly, a nonsectarian organization modeled on the New York Chautauqua, and the first of the kind on Puget sound, is to be held on Useless bay, at the south end of Whidby island, July 19 to 31, inclusive.

Women's clubs, W. C. T. U., labor and religious organizations and commercial bodies who have offered their support to the institution here say that at the initial assembly will be given a program entailing an expense of at least $3,000.

The tract is being prepared now and all the facilities of a first-class camp and outing resort are to be installed. The site includes a quarter of a mile of bathing beach, is well drained and contains an abundance of woods and verdure.

The Great Northern, Milwaukee, Northern Pacific, Canadian Pacific and Union Pacific lines have granted a special rate of one and a third fares for the round trip from Oregon and Washington points to Seattle for the assembly, and the Inland Transportation Company has agreed to furnish adequate boat service from Seattle to the Useless bay pier at 50 cents for the round trip.

Special days are to be set apart for programs by different organizations. The State Grange will have July 26, organized labor will observe a labor day on July 23, the Epworth League will observe July 20 as young people's day, the Baptist Young People's Union of Washington will hold its annual convention at the grounds July 19 to 28, the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle will hold its graduating exercises on July 28; July 22 will be observed as temperance day, and, in fact, practically every day of the assembly has been spoken for by some organization for a special program.

Seattle hedaquatrers for the assembly have been opened at the offices of the Interdenominational Society, 816 Third avenue.

PASSENGER SERVICE ON MILWAUKEE SEPTEMBER 1

Through passenger traffic on the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound railway, which was scheduled to begin about the middle of July, probably will be delayed until September 1, due to delay in securing equipment. George W. Hibbard, assistant general passenger agent, would not say of a certainty when the through passenger trains would be put on, but he predicted that September 1 would be about the date.

There was also a rumor afloat that the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound had made arrangements with the King street station, Seattle, for the terminal. This was denied by Mr. Hibbard, who asserted that the terminal would be the new Oregon & Washington station when completed, and that until that time the Milwaukee would either use its own small terminal tracks or the old O. & W. terminal. The new Oregon & Washington depot probably will not be completed inside of a year, according to present calculations.

Conditions Too Difficult

Buffalo, N. Y., May 21.—William J. Bryan, en route to Mohonk Lake, stopped off here to confer with Norman E. Mack, chairman of the Democratic National committee. In an interview, Mr. Bryan said: "The main reason for the criticism of President Taft was that he was elected under a misunderstanding. The West believed him to be a radical; the East a conservative. He cannot fulfill both."

Cyanide Discoveries.

Johannesburg, May 23.—Important discoveries have been made in Johannesburg with regard to the manufacture of cyanide, which is so largely used in mining operations. The discovery will do away with cyanide importations.

Phones in Every Ranch Home.

Husum, May 23.—The Husum telephone exchange is kept busy putting in telephones throughout the country districts. A 'phone can now be found in nearly every ranch house in Western Klickitat county.

SPEAKER CANNON ON INSURGENCY

SHOOTING TOO GOOD FOR SOME DISSENTERS IN REPUBLICAN RANKS.

Address Before National Association of Manufacturers at New York—Republican Majority in Congress Powerless in Face of Opposition of Portion of Party.

New York, May 19.—"Shooting were too gentlemanly a fate for certain Republicans, thundered Speaker Cannon, of the house of representatives, last night, as he addressed the annual banquet of the National Association of Manufacturers at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Speaker Cannon was making an eloquent defense of his conduct as speaker, and he was wildly cheered.

"You believe the Republicans have a majority of forty-four in the house of represetnatives and two-thirds of the United States senate," said the speaker, "and yet we are under the sway—I will not say dishonest—of mistaken people and now and then a demagogue seeking power; and I can pick out among them men who would have competed with Judas, who betrayed his Master.

Shooting Too Good.

"We have a great president and a Republican majority, yet we cannot say whether there are not enough cowards to flock with the populistic Democratic minority and leave us without an efficient Republican majority.

"If there were two armies drawn up in actual conflict, do you know what would be done with such men?"

"Shoot them!" cried one of the diners.

"Shoot them?" thundered the speaker. "Shoot them! That would be too honorable a death for them. Hanging would be their fate.

Place Responsibility Somewhere.

"In 1912 we elect a president, and March 4 the present congress goes out of existence. If I were a mere partisan I would like to see the Democrats have full power in both houses, so they would be forced, because of their opposition to the Payne tariff law, to act upon their pretenses and enact a new tariff law. Then they would have that to defend rather than misrepresent the present tariff law. They would have a baby of their own to protect.

"If I were a mere partisan, I'd be glad to see Dolliver, Bristow, La Follette and Clapp, of Minnesota, join hands with Champ Clark and company. But that would bring sorrow, shortened wages and misery to millions of hearthstones, therefore, as a man of seventy-four, who will soon be where I will wear either a muslin or asbestos halo, I'd rather march to defeat in the future than to have our Populist or so-called progressive friends reaping a victory.

"I would rather that we carry the next house and senate by a sound, real Republican majority even though we lost in 1912."

DEMOCRATS MAY HELP PASS RAILROAD MEASURE

Washington, May 19.—Abandoning all hope of reaching any common understanding on the railroad bill with the insurgents, the regular Republican senators moved an early adjournment of the senate yesterday to permit the Democrats to get together to consider propositions looking to the completion of the bill.

It is the general understanding about the senate chamber that the Democrats will be asked to assist in expediting the bill by permitting amendments to be laid on the table, by refraining from speechmaking and by other means, with the understanding in return that the last three sections of the bill, relating to capitalization, would be withdrawn.

As a result of the day's labor, the senate accepted, by a majority of seventeen votes, the house provision regulating the defense of cases arising out of the orders of the interstate commerce commission as offered and amended by Senator Smith, of Michigan, and as later modified at the suggestion of Senator Hughes, of Colorado.

This provision, as it passed the house, places the conduct of such cases in charge of the attorney general and permits the interstate commerce commission to intervene.

In addition to action on the defense provision, the senate also accepted an amendment proposed by Senator Aldrich extending from sixty to 120 days the period during which the interstate commerce commission may suspend for investigation any new rates of classifications made by railroad companies. This also was a concession in the interest of the shippers and was accepted without division and without debate.

Princeton Gets Much Cash.

Salem, Mass., May 23.—By the will of Isaac C. Wyman, of Salem, filed yesterday in the probate court, the bulk of his estate, which is estimated at nearly $10,000,000, is left to the graduate school of Princeton university as a memorial of Mr. Wyman's "lasting affection," the will phrases it, for his alma mater. Mr. Wyman was an extensive holder of Western lands.

EDWARD RESTS IN ROYAL TOMB

IMPRESSIVE OBSEQUIES FOR THE BRITISH MONARCH AT LONDON

Pageant Which Marked the Burial of Victoria Greatly Eclipsed by Magnificence of Friday's Ceremony—Nine Sovereigns in Line.

London, May 21.—Sovereigns and representatives of the powers of all the world paid their last tribute yesterday to England's great monarch, Edward VII, whose body now rests in St. George's chapel at Windsor castle, where the bones of Edward IV, the sixth and eighth Henrys, Charles I, the third and fourth Georges and William IV are entombed.

Bright sunshine followed a night of thunderstorms that swept the city and soaked the funeral decorations that hung along the line of march, but had no deterrent effect on the gathering thousands who, from midnight to dawn, sought points of vantage from which to watch the passing of the cortege.

Millions Fill Streets

London's millions filled the streets and open places as they have never before been filled, either at a funeral or festival.

The pageantry that marked the burial of Victoria was as naught compared with the magnificence of yesterday's ceremony, which was splendid in its accompaniments of gilded coaches, brilliant uniforms and decorations, far surpassing the ceremony attending the removal of the king's body from Buckingham palace to Westminster hall.

The procession included nine sovereigns, the former president of the United States, Theodore Roosevelt, who alone was not in uniform; the heirs to several thrones, the members of the royal families, the officers of the households, the officials of the government, field marshals, generals and admirals, detachments of troops of all the British arms, and representatives of foreign armies and navies in variegated uniforms, a solid phalanx of glittering colors.

Flags are Dipped.

The lines of red-coated soldiers were drawn as on that other great occasion of England's mourning nine years ago, with arms reversed and regimental flags dipped to the ground.

The vast throngs along the streets were massed so tightly that those once caught found it impossible to move. The great stands, covered with mourning emblems, were crowded, the roof tops black, and through this multitude, from among whom not a whisper arose, the gun carriage that bore the king's body moved to the strains of funeral marches, the tolling of bells and the booming of minute guns.

Queen Takes Farewell.

At Westminster hall the widowed queen, going to spend a last few minutes beside the body of the king, was assisted from her carriage by the German emperor, upon whom the loss of his royal uncle has rested heavily.

The emperor kissed the hand and cheek of Alexandra and passed her to her son, King George. Here the Queen Mother, glancing up, caught sight of the king's charger, waiting to follow his master to the bier, and near at hand, the king's favorite dog, led by a gillie, and she faltered, gripping the arm of the king and pathetically gazing upon the animals Edward had loved so well.

Queen Offers Prayer.

Then she entered the hall with King George, Emperor William and the Duke of Connaught, there to offer a silent prayer and watch the removal of the coffin to the gun carriage.

The order of precedence of sovereigns in the procession was governed by kinship. The special envoys of the United States and France occupied the eighth carriage, and although ex-President Roosevelt was inconspicuous in the procession, King George gave him marked attention at Windsor palace after the funeral, seating him, with eight other guests, at his own table. The German emperor sat with the Queen Mother and Queen Mary.

Roosevelt Impressed.

What seemed to impress Mr. Roosevelt was the demeanor of the people, the solemn dignity of the ceremony. From Paddington station the royal train carried the coffin and mourners to Windsor, while special trains were filled with officials and foreign representatives.

Bluejackets dragged the gun carriage through a line of people to St. George's chapel, and there simple services were conducted by the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, assisted by other prelates.

King George, with Alexandra on his arm, walked up the nave behind the coffin with the German emperor and Queen Mary following.

During the services the widowed queen moved to the foot of the catafalque and knelt, and just before the coffin was lowered to the crypt, King George placed on the coffin a royal standard.

Several of the royal mourners, including Archduke Francis Ferdinand, of Austria, and Prince Charles, of Sweden, left London tonight, but all the reigning monarchs remain and the king and queen had another table dinner party at Buckingham palace this evening.

TWO BATTLESHIPS AUTHORIZED

SENATE VOTES APPROXIMATELY $134,000,000 FOR THE NAVAL BUDGET.

Two Important Amendments Adopted Before Final Passage of the Bill—Two Historical Episodes Reviewed by Senator Depew.

Washington, May 24.—Voting down, 26 to 39, an amendment offered by Mr. Burton to authorize only one new battleship instead of two, the senate yesterday passed the naval appropriation bill. The bill carries an appropriation of almost $134,000,000. It was before the senate for two days, the debate being confined almost exclusively to the battleship question.

Two important amendments were adopted yesterday. One of them, offered by Senator Johnston, appropriated $450,000 for the purchase of torpedo boats "whose vitals are below the normal load line."

The other, by Senator Jones, eliminates railroad, county and municipal bonds from securities that may be deposited by contractors.

Big Naval Increase.

The naval increase for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911, provided by the bill is as follows:

Two first-class battleships, to cost not exceeding $6,000,000 each, and when equipped with armor and armament, about $12,500,000 each.

Two fleet colliers, to cost not exceeding $1,000,000 each.

Five submarine torpedo boats, not exceeding a total of $2,500,000.

Six torpedo boat destroyers, to cost not exceeding $650,000. The house bill provided only four submarines and no torpedo boat destroyers.

The senate also adopted a resolution that not more than one of the battleships should be built by the same company.

Recognize Eight Hours.

The provision inserted in the house requiring that the battleship fleet colliers should be built "under the eight-hour law" was retained by the senate.

The closing hour of the debate served to elicit two important historical revelations by Senator Depew, which were given from his own store of information. One of them bore on the war with Spain. The statement regarding the Spanish war was elicited by an assertion by Senator Heyburn that the people themselves did not want war, but generally were compelled by their rulers to submit to their will.

Depew Takes Issue.

Taking issue with the Idaho senator, Mr. Depew said that popular demand had forced the war with Spain on the country, and that President McKinley had been opposed to it. He said, also, that terms as favorable could have been obtained from Spain without a conflict as with war.

"Does not the senator believe that but for the pressure of that time the president would have negotiated Spain off the American continent?" asked Mr. Hale.

"I do," responded the New York senator. "I know of my own knowledge that Spain was prepared to abandon Cuba and Porto Rico to prevent humiliation if she could be assured in advance of the acceptance of the proposition."

Why McKinley Yielded.

He said President McKinley had not been a strong enough personality to resist the popular will.

Mr. Depew also related some history concerning the Venezuelan episode of the Cleveland second administration.

"An intimate friend of mine, who also was an intimate friend of Lord Salisbury, then the British prime minister," he said, "told me when the president's message was promulgated, that Lord Salisbury said to him: 'I believe because of the rancor coming down from the Revolutionary war, and accentuated by certain occurrences in the Civil war, America means to have a war with Great Britain at some time, and I believe now is the best time, when America has no navy."

"The view of the prime minister was overruled by Queen Victoria, but if Lord Salisbury had had the power possessed by some of the English prime ministers the issue would certainly have been tried out."

GONE WILD REGARDING ARMAMENT, SAYS HALE

Washington, May 21.—That the United States has gone wild about the matter of armament, and especially in the construction of battleships, was asserted by Senators Hale, Clay and Gallinger in the senate today. These statements were made during consideration of the naval appropriation bill.

The bill carried $133,000,000, and Senator Hale predicted that within five years the annual naval appropriation would not be less than $175,000,000. Consideration of the bill was not concluded.

The opinion was expressed that the promised reduction of expenditures would not take place in the present session of congress, and Senators Hale and Gallinger, both members of the committee on appropriations, agreed that the evpenditures would exceed the revenues the next fiscal year. Another feature of the debate was the citation of ex-President Roosevelt as an advocate of a reduced armament. It was all brought about by an amendment introduced by Senator Burton, providing for one battleship of the Dreadnought type, instead of two, authorized by the bill as passed by the house.

Says Country is Wild.

Senator Clay was the first to assert that the country had gone wild in the matter of sea armament.

"We have lost our heads," he said, "and if we do not stop we will bankrupt the nation."

He said that the appropriation for the navy proposed for the present year averaged $2 per head for each man, woman and child of the country.

By quoting Senator Hale as authority for the statement that each of the proposed battleships would cost not less than $16,000,000, Mr. Clay aroused general interest. Mr. Gallinger expressed doubt, and adduced figures to show that the cost would not exceed $10,000,000.

Hale Gives Figures.

Mr. Hale not only sustained Mr. Clay but added to his figures. He spoke of the vessels as completely armored and equipped, and said the total cost of putting one of these vessels in the water probably would be nearer $18,000,000 than $16,000,000. He declared that the fallibility of the naval board was such there could be no guarantee for the future.

PARDONED MAN GIVES EVIDENCE AGAINST TRUST

New York, May 24.—Oliver Spitzer, dock superintendent of the American Sugar company, sentenced to serve two years at the Atlanta federal prison, went upon the stand yesterday and made a complete confession of sugar frauds, his testimony contradicting that given by him at his own trial last December, when he swore that he knew nothing of any frauds. Spitzer said that he had been given an unconditional pardon by President Taft May 19.

Spitzer said that bags of lead had been used on the scales by the sugar trust employes to make false weight, and that when the scales were ordered boarded in he furnished the sugar checkers with small springs, which were placed under the beam to influence the scales.

The witness declared that he bored holes for the springs, and arranged a system of signal lights which would warn the checkers that they were being watched by government agents.

That reports regarding irregularities in weighing were made to a Mr. Leroy was stated by the witness. Spitzer said that he made some of these reports. He added that he did not know the position Leroy held with the sugar trust.

Their Pay Continued.

Spitzer then related various conversations he had with ex-Cashier Benderndagle and with ex-Superintendent Gerbracht, who are among the defendants. He said that after he and the checkers had been discharged, Gerbracht met him once a week and gave him a package containing their weekly wages. These payments continued until February, 1910, when he was sent to Atlanta, according to Spitzer.

The defense, apparently taken unprepared by the appearance of Spitzer on the stand, asked for an indefinite postponement of the crossexamination of the witness.

Spitzer left the room, accompanied by Chief Flinn of the secret service, who refused to allow anyone to speak with the former superintendent. It was reported that the government is prepared to prove that the wives of Spitzer and the checkers have received their husbands' salaries from the sugar trust since Spitzer went to prison.

DREDGE TO RECLAIM LARGE SWAMP AREA

Wilsoncreek, May 21.—To drain the swamp lands which extend from the eastern limits of Wilsoncreek nearly to Krupp, a distance of six or seven miles, McDonald & Clark, Zach Finney and P. C. Lorentzen, who own extensive ranches adjoining the overflowed lands, have decided to construct a dredge. By widening and deepening the channel of Crab creek they expect to drain off the surplus water.

Work on the dredge, which cost $3,000, commenced two months ago, and it is now completed and at work.

Next week the dredge will be worked night and day. The promoters of the scheme expect to reclaim 1,300 acres of land, which, they estimate, will be worth at least $200 per acre for hay meadows alone.

Hodge Case Dismissed.

Seattle, May 24.—The information charging nonfeasance in office against Sheriff Robt T. Hodge, on the ground that he knowingly permitted the operation of money-paying slot machines in King county, was dismissed in the superior court by Judge John F. Main, on his own motion, after a conference with attorneys on both sides. In a careful statement that he directed to be spread upon the records, Judge Main said: "In this case I am thoroughly convinced that a conviction of the defendant is not probable—I might go further and say that I do not believe that a conviction under the circumstances is possible."

Russia and Japan Agree.

St. Petersburg, May 23.—Negotiations between Russia and Japan with reference to an agreement on the question of the Far East have now assumed definite form. There is reason to believe that Japan is seeking to negotiate a convention on broader lines than Russia now wishes.

TO ELIMINATE THE MIDDLEMAN

WHEAT FARMERS OF INLAND EMPIRE PLAN TO HANDLE CROP.

Meeting at Spokane Under Auspices of Farmers' Warehouse Association for the Purpose of Pooling Wheat to be Sold in 100,000 Bushel Lots to Millers and Exporters.

According to a Seattle Post-Intelligencer special from Spokane, the Farmers Warehouse Association, of the Inland Empire, controlling approximately 40 per cent of the 60,000,000 odd bushels of wheat harvested annually in Eastern Washington and Oregon, North and Central Idaho and Western Montana, will be formally organized under the direction of officers of the Farmers' Educational and Cooperative Union of America, in Spokane, on July 10. The purpose is to pool the grain grown in this part of the Northwest and sell it in lots of 100,000 bushels and upward direct to millers and exporters, charging the growers not more than 1 cent a bushel for handling and marketing.

The federation will have the power by a two-thirds vote of its membership to levy a tax on all produce stored in warehouses for the maintenance of agencies, and it is also provided in the constitution that agents shall give bonds to the association to protect the members against loss.

It is also provided that the federation shall have no power to circumscribe or limit the freedom of any warehouse in the management of its business, nor in any way to control or influence the sale of the grain of any stockholder or patron of any of the warehouses composing the federation, the spirit of the organization being only to afford an opportunity to all the patrons of the various warehouses composing the federation to sell their grain to the best possible advantage, either in pools or large blocks or otherwise.

GRAIN INSPECTOR LOOKS FOR GREAT CROP OF WHEAT

State Grain Inspector S. C. Armstrong, who has recently visited sections of the grain belt of this state, declares that his observations lead him to believe that the wheat acreage for the entire state will not show any material increase over that of 1909, although he predicts a crop of about 36,000,000 bushels, provided conditions remain favorable. Mr. Armstrong states that there will be an increase in the acreage along the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound railroad, but that this will very likely be offset by decreases in other parts of the state.

Mr. Armstrong reports that spring wheat is a trifle backward, while winter wheat shows a good growth and the top soil is thoroughly wet. In some districts the spring crop is up six inches, while in others the seeding is hardly more than completed. The acreage in oats and barley, he says, will be about the same as last year.

GREAT GAIN IN VALUE OF WASHINGTON CROPS

A 36 per cent increase in the value of the crops of the state of Washington for 1909 over those of the previous year is indicated in a table just issued by the department of agriculture. The report states that the 1909 crops of the state were worth $57,513,000, against $42,012,000 for the previous year. During the past ten years the state crops have increased in value 197 per cent, or more than in any other state in the United States except Oklahoma, Idaho, Montana, Utah, Wyoming, New Mexico and Arizona.

The increase in the value of the crop last year over the preceding year was 36.9 per cent, or more than any other states except Idaho, Montana and New Mexico. Washington ranked twenty-eighth last year.

BRYAN GIVES VIEWS ON LIQUOR QUESTION

As a guest of the Catholic Total Abstinence Society of America at Chicago, William J. Bryan delivered a lecture on the liquor question.

Mr. Bryan is on his way to Edinburgh, Scotland, to attend an international meeting of temperance workers.

As to the individual, Mr. Bryan said that wherever opportunity offered he advised others to abstain from the use of liquor in any form, holding it is not wise to drink, even in moderation. Giving his views on sumptuary legislation and personal liberty, he said:

"I would not favor legislation forbidding use of liquor at any time or under any circumstances. I would consider this an unconstitutional restraint upon the liberty of the individual, but I am in favor of such restriction as may seem necessary for the protection of society."

Ask Dissolution of Company.

New York, May 24.—Application to the courts of New Jersey for the dissolution of the National Packing Company will be the next movement by Prosecutor Garven, of Hudson county, in his war on the so-called meat trust. The concern was indicted in Hudson county last February. Prosecutor Garven announced yesterday he would apply for its dissolution June 7.

Editorials

Opinions of Great Papers on Important Subjects.

WHY FRANCE IS RICH.

PARIS is the Mecca of foreigners. They come from all parts of the world to enjoy life in the great metropolis; and the yearly income from this source alone approximates $600,000,000. Along with this item the earnings of French capitalists on their investments in the securities and properties of other countries amount to fully $250,000,000 yearly. On the other side of the account is an adverse balance of trade which in 1907 amounted to $120,000,000. Deduct this outgo from her income of $850,000,000, and it leaves France with $730,000,000 to the good. Instead of getting an income of $600,000,000 from foreign tourists, the United States pays out at least $150,000,000 for the expenses of American tourists abroad. Again, instead of drawing $250,000,000 yearly from foreign investments, this country pays out $300,000,000 to foreign investors in our securities and properties. A third factor is the army of aliens who flock here from all parts of the world to hoard up money, which they take back to their own countries; this drain costs us $300,000,000 more. Add $100,000,000 more which we pay for ocean freights in foreign vessels, and the yearly outgo is $850,000,000. Deduct our yearly income of $500,000,000 for favorable trade balance, and it leaves a yearly deficit of $350,000,000.—Moody's Magazine.

CRIMINALS MADE BY THE LAW.

IT IS entirely possible that human law, since its invention in the dawn of civilization, has made more criminals than original sin, heredity or environment. Like all human institutions, it is born in imperfectness and progresses slowly to perfection through long and weary cycles of advancing civilization. Within historic times criminal law has changed its spirit from brute revenge and sordid compensation to that of deterrence and prevention, with some dim notion of reform of the criminal. But it is still crusted and barnacled, especially in respect of offenses against property, with the gross brutalities and blind prejudgments of its barbaric origin. These are the agencies by which law makes criminals, begetting progeny only to devour them like the earlier god of a primitive race.

We do not realize how many of these savageries survive in modern law, how many human personalities are sacrificed to some trivial fetich of property, until a flash of romantic interest like that in John Carter reveals the possibilities of outrage and injustice under the law of burglary we have inherited from British feudalism.

The whole viewpoint of criminal law is slowly changing, though the fossils by whom it is made in legislatures and administered in the courts are naturally the last to realize it. Traditional law looked only at the particular offense charged or proved, measuring out punishment for it by ancient standards without regard to the human nature and capacities of the criminal.

The law of the future will look first of all at these, secluding for life the habitual and incurable criminal whenever caught, for a small offense or none at all, but giving the perpetrator of whatever offense the full advantage of whatever latent capacities for reform his nature may contain. That law will gradually extinguish old criminals without making new ones.—Minneapolis Tribune.

PEARY WON'T PRODUCE THE PROOFS.

PEARY'S refusal to submit his proofs to Congress or to scientific bodies other than the National Geographic Society ought to dispose of the bill to retire him with increased rank and pay. The excuse of contracts with publishers is not sufficient. Peary might submit his proofs without their being used to the detriment of himself or publishers, and he might fortify his position by submitting them to the University of Copenhagen and geographical societies of Europe. But he evidently doesn't choose to do so, and he is giving rise to doubts of the success of his expedition.

Peary entirely overlooks his obligations to the United States government. He has devoted the best of thirteen years to polar expeditions, and all the while he has been drawing a salary as commander in the naval service. In other words, he has been given almost continuous leave of absence for thirteen years for prosecuting his personal plans and has drawn pay from the United States for so doing. Though far from the retiring age, he wants to retire with the rank of Rear Admiral of the first class and draw still higher pay for life, so that he may proceed to cash in at high rates the results of his work on Uncle Sam's time.—Houston (Tex.) Post.

IRON DEPOSITS IN CANADA.

IT IS now known positively that iron ores abound in practically every province of Canada. Only eight iron mines are in operation, and only one of these is producing as much as 100,000 tons of ore in a year, it is true; but active preparations are being made in the eastern provinces for exploiting the recently proved deposits of ore on a large scale. At present the chief Canadian blast furnaces draw most of their ore from Belle Isle, in Conception bay, near St. Johns, Newfoundland. Newfoundland is very rich in iron ores, and nearly 1,000,000 tons are raised annually, most of which is used in Canada. But enormous and rich reserves of hematite ore have been found in New Brunswick, within easy distance of large coal fields. Deposits of huge quantity and high quality have also been proved in Ontario, Quebec and Nova Scotia in the east, and in Vancouver and British Columbia in the west. Recent investigations conducted by the department of mines, coupled with private prospecting, inspire the hope that Canada is as rich in iron and steel-making materials as the United States.—Cassier's Magazine.

LEGAL INFORMATION

The applicant for citizenship in the case of In re Knight, 171 Federal Reporter, 299, was born upon a schooner flying the British flag, in the Yellow Sea, off the coast of China. His father was of English birth and parentage; his mother was half Chinese and half Japanese, having been married to applicant's father in Shanghai under British colors. Applicant was 43 years old, intelligent, of good character, and had served since 1882 in the United States navy, and had won a medal for service on the flagship Olympia in the battle of Manila bay. The naturalization statute applies to aliens, either white or of African nativity or descent. A person half white and half some other race belongs to neither of those races, but is literally a half-breed. This holding would appear to exclude mulattoes. The application was refused by the Federal District Court.

A woman of culture and refinement having contracted anæsthetic leprosy while engaged in missionary work in Brazil, was ordered removed by the city board of health to the city's pesthouse, a structure of four small rooms, used theretofore for the isolation of negroes with smallpox, and situated within 100 yards of the city garbage heap. A distinguished specialist had pronounced the infection not contagious, and no evidence of contagion had appeared, although complainant had mingled freely with other people. In Kirk v. Wyman, 65 Southeastern Reporter, 337, complainant insisted that her condition did not justify her immediate removal to the pesthouse until suitable accommodations were provided for her, and applied for an injunction to restrain the action of the board. The South Carolina Supreme Court, believing that the official action of the board was so arbitrary and that there was no adequate relief in a suit for damages, maintained the injunction.

The case of United States Telephone Co. v. Central Union Telephone Co., 171 Federal Reporter, 130, is a valuable and interesting contribution to the law governing the rights of telephone companies as public service corporations. The complainant company made contracts with several local companies, by which it was agreed that they should give long-distance connections to complainants and permit no connection with any other company for a period of 99 years. Complainants alleged that breach of these agreements was induced by the unlawful acts of defendant, and prayed an injunction restraining further interference with their contract rights. The United States Circuit Court draws a distinction between the telephone business and the sleeping car business, in which it was held in Chicago, St. L. & N. O. R. Co. v. Pullman Co., 139 U. S. 79, 11 Sup. Ct. 490, 35 L. Ed. 97, that a contract for exclusive rights for the term of fifteen years to furnish sleeping cars to a railroad company was not invalid. It is possible for all travelers to obtain like accommodations on sleeping cars, notwithstanding they may all be furnished by a single company; but where there are different telephone companies, each having its own list of subscribers, it is impossible to give them like service unless each company be allowed the right of connection with the local exchanges. This being the case, the contract in question would necessarily prevent local companies from carrying out to the full extent their duties as public service corporations. The agreements were held invalid and injunction denied.

ENGLISH BANK NOTES.

Curious Indorsements—£5 Notes Are the Lowest Now Issued.

The custom of indorsing English bank notes, even when they pass in some trivial purchase, is a surprise to most Americans who go abroad for the first time. It is an old custom and one which has led to many curious inscriptions on the notes.

A debtor in prison wrote on the back of a £10 note "The first debt I have honestly paid for a year," while a prodigal son turned the tables against himself when he wrote on a £20 note "The last of thousands left by my father, who slaved to earn them."

In 1759 the Bank of England began to issue £10 notes as well as £20, till then exclusively used. It was not till thirty years after that £5 notes were brought out, and in 1797 there were £1 and £2 notes, but they ceased in 1821, owing to the immense amount of forgery they led to, says the Queen. Hundreds if not thousands were hanged for counterfeiting notes for such small sums.

A curious bank note designed by Hone has prison chains across one end, is signed by Jack Ketch, a row of malefactors hanging with ropes around their necks appears on the face and a series of criminals' heads on the other side, together with the words "Until the resumption of cash payments or the abolition of the punishment by death." The "£" which in the corner usually preceded the amount and value of the note was formed of rope.

From April 5, 1800, the £5 notes were brought out, and they have been the lowest procurable from the Bank of England. Of late the desirability of once more issuing the £1 note has been discussed.

In 1827 a £1,000 note was the highest, but £50,000 notes have been issued, and there is a story of a certain tradesman keeping such a one by him as a curiosity, while a gentleman framed one, which his executors promptly cashed at his death. There is a family tradition about the visit of a certain church functionary at a house when some disputed point had to be settled by reference to the Bible, and the one belonging to the deceased mother was brought down from a shelf, dusty and unused, but within was found a note for £40,000.

The Bank of England note of to-day has taken some time and many inventions to bring it to its present condition. The numbering machine was first employed in 1809, steel-plate engraving was supplanted by the siderographic machine, and that by electrotype surface printing. The great aim is to prevent forgery, the paper employed being unique and the watermark and private marks are all in favor of the banker.

Old Man Hare.

John Hare, the eminent English actor-manager, said that the most delightful compliment he ever received was from Mr. Gladstone. It was a double-ended compliment. Whichever way you took it it was satisfactory.

Mr. Hare earned fame playing old men's parts, his character as Mr. Goldby in "A Pair of Spectacles" being a good example. Added to this was a horror of having his picture taken.

Mr. Gladstone had never seen a picture of the actor, but he knew him well behind the scenes as well as before the footlights. The premier's favorite play was "A Pair of Spectacles," and he always went behind the scenes to chat a while with the actor. The really old man and the made-up old man would sit there and talk in the most delightful way for an hour after the show.

One day the Earl of Rosebery had Mr. Gladstone to dinner, and he also invited his friend John Hare. The actor came in smooth-shaved, looking about thirty-five. He was presented to Mr. Gladstone, and the prime minister shook his hand most cordially and said:

"My dear sir, I am very, very glad to meet you. I know your father very, very well. Splendid actor! Fine old man!"

It took the whole evening for the earl and Mr. Hare to convince him that the son was really the father.

In buying a gentle horse, always remember that a gentle horse is a lazy

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by The Webster Publishing Co.

FRIDAY, MAY 27, 1910

They get after bootleggers in Wenatchee in great shape. When indications of an over-supply is apparent on travelers entering the city the "loaded" ones are questioned by the police and their personal effects occasionally reveal "wet goods." It cost a certain carpenter of that place $105 the other day to bring nine pints of whiskey into the city.

The pack train of burros, carrying in grub and other supplies to the Tubal Cain mines in the Olympic mountains, is kept going on schedule time these days, under the guiding and affectionate hand of Bert Macomber. There is a perfect understanding between Bert and the burros. He allows them to browse on the bull thistles along the highways, which engenders perfect content with their lot. When they raise their voices in glad lament they rival the gladsome howl of Jackson's Cove cougars.—Quilcene Megaphone.

It is now positively asserted that Judge W. H. Snell has definitely decided to make the fight for the United States Senate. Well informed Pierce county politicians assert than an alliance will be made between Snell and McCredie—the Tacoma senatorial candidate to support the Vancouver baseball magnate in his campaign for renomination as representative, and the Columbia River counties to reciprocate by giving Snell their support.

Of course it is not asserted by the politicians working out the details of this plan that they can merge the entire Second District into this scheme, but it would be a strong alliance for both Snell and McCredie, guaranteeing McCredie's return to Congress and sending Snell into the senatorial fight with a strong following.

Port Angeles people were highly favored by the weather man Monday night and were thus enabled to get a complete and comprehensive view of the much advertised Halley's comet and the less spoken about but none the less wonderful total eclipse of the moon. As the moon arose over the hill to the east of the city, it was partially eclipsed and from this time to shortly after nine the shadow was seen slowly crawling over the face of the moon until it was completely covered and barely visible, then the streak again appeared on the under side and grew larger until at 11:45 the shadow had completely passed and the full moon shone in all its glory. While the moon was shaded and as soon as the twilight had died away sufficiently the comet with its wide sweeping tail was plainly visible in the western heavens. Probably it was the most brilliant between 10 and 10:45 when the coming out of the moon dimmed its brilliance. The comet should be seen any night now just before the moon comes up, but the chances are it will be some dimmer as it is fast leaving the earth.

FACULTY PLAY
SATURDAY, JUNE 4TH

Baccalaureate Sermon by Rev. Hartsell in Methodist Church Sunday, June 5.

Saturday evening, June 4th, is the date for the Faculty Play, the last entertainment in the School Entertainment Course. Practice has been strenuous the past week and still there is much to be done. The entertainment promises to be unique and successful. The Magnate reports favorable progress, and a crew of skilled workmen is expected in a few days to begin actual construction work. The contract provides that the road must be ready July 4th, 1812, and it is predicted that it will be in operation before that date. Alick Swindle has used his utmost endeavors to frustrate the plans of the company's representative here, but all of no avail. It is said that his acts are prompted rather by his deep hatred for the magnate than from any financial consideration. A love affair having its romantic beginning at the A.-Y.-P., and as interested party, a prominent young lady of Port Angeles is said to be at the bottom of Mr. Swindle's hatred. To be in on the ground floor and be able to follow developments as they come you must be at the opera house Saturday evening, June 4th. Get your tickets and reserved seats now at Mathewson's.

The Senior Class reception is given at the home of Ruby Jackson, Friday May 27.

The Seniors are busy preparing for graduation, and the H. S. teachers are assisting as much as possible. The Commencement program will be as follows:

Baccalaureate sermon by Rev. Hartsell in Methodist church Sunday at 11 a. m.

Monday and Tuesday June 6 and 7 exhibit of Manual Training, Painting, Drawing, and Art Work down town in the building formerly occupied by Mr. Muskett.

Friday evening, June 10, High School graduating exercises in opera house.

Monday evening, June 12, meeting Alumni association and reception of new members.

Tuesday evening, June 14, Eighth grade graduating exercises in opera house.

Advertisements are out for the exhibit of Manual Training, Painting and Art work to be given in the Muskett building down town Monday and Tuesday June 6 and 7. The public are especially invited for Monday evening; otherwise the building will be open two days and all who are interested in school work are cordially invited to come and see some of the products of the school. Admission free.

At a meeting of the text book commission of Port Angeles, Dist. No. 7, last Saturday, books were adopted for use in the schools of Port Angeles:

If crop reports are a correct index of development, the State of Washington is advancing at a tremendous rate, says the Seattle Times. In 1908 the valuation was $42,012,000, and in 1909, $57,513,000. The rate of increase is 36 per cent, and if it is maintained during the present season, the harvest in Washington this year will aggregate more than $78,000,000. During the decade, the increase has reached 197 per cent.

TEXT BOOKS ADOPTED

Text Book Commission Adopt Books For Use in Port Angeles City Schools.

GRADES

Readers—Basal text: Grades I to V inclusive, Blodgett, Ginn & Co.; grades VI to VIII inclusive, Brooks, American Book Co. Supplementary: Grade I, Child Life, MacMillan Co.; Stepping Stones, Silver, Burdette & Co.; grades II, III, Child Life, Wheeler, W. H. Wheeler Co.; grade IV, Child Life, Stepping Stones; grades V, VI, VII, Stepping Stones; grade VIII, Curry's Literary Reader, Rand, McNally Co.

Language and Grammar—Grade III, With Pencil and Pen, Ginn & Co.; grades IV, V, Robins and Rowe, Book I, Howe, Peterson & Co.; grades VI, VII, Robins and Rowe, Book II. Howe, Peterson & Co.; grade VIII, Higher Lessons in English, Reid & Kellogg, Chas. E. Merrill Co

Arithmetic—Wentworth and Smith, three book series.

Speller—Champion Speller, Hicks, American Book Co., to be gradually adopted.

Writing—Spencer's Practical Writing Books, American Book Co.

Physiology and Hygiene—Our Bodies and How We Live, Ginn & Co.

Civics—Training for Citizenship, Longman, Green & Co.

Agriculture—First Principles in Agriculture, Goff and Main, American Book Co

HIGH SCHOOL

First Year Latin—Collar and Daniell, Ginn & Co.

Caesar's Gallic War—Walker, Foresman & Co.

Virgill's Aeneid—Knapp, Scott, Foresman & Co.

In Latinum, composition for 2nd and 3rd years, Griggs, Scott, by Scott and Foresman.

Latin Grammar—Bennett, Allyn & Bacon.

Ancient History—Myres, revised edition, Ginn & Co.

Mediaeval and Modern History—Myres, revised edition, Ginn & Co.

Student's American History—Montgomery, revised edition, Ginn & Co

Leading Facts of English History—Montgomery, Ginn & Co.

German Grammar, Joynes and Meisners, D. C. Heath & Co.

Essentials of German—Vos, Henry Holt & Co.

Gluck Auf—Muller and Henchebback, Ginn & Co.

L'Arrabbratta — Heyse, Henry Holt & Co.

English Composition—Lockewood and Emerson, Ginn & Co.

English Literature — Halleck, American Book Co.

Elementary Algebra — Hawkes, Luby Touton, Ginn & Co.

Advanced Algebra—Wells, D. C. Heath & Co.

Plane Geometry—Wells, D. C. Heath & Co.

Solid Geometry—Wells, D. C. Heath & Co.

Physical Geography—Tarr, MacMillan Co., to be gradually adopted.

Civics—Schwinn, Stevenson and Lippincott.

Botany—Coulter, Appleton & Co.

Physics—Hillikins and Gale, Ginn & Co.

American Literature—Painter, Libbey. To be gradually adopted.

Ordinance No. 375

An Ordinance governing the sale, use and storage of gasolene and other combustibles and providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

The City Council of the City of Port Angeles do ordain as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful, without permission of the city council, for any firm, corporation, person or persons to store, permit the storage of, sell use or keep in any building or place, within the corporate limits of the city, in a larger quantity than ten gallons, any gasoline or any product of petroleum, or hydro-carbon liquids which shall flash or emit any inflammable vapor at a temperature of 110 Farhrenheit, or other inflammable liquid, unless the same be kept in metal, iron or steel tanks, and stored in a building or warehouse, under a special permit of the city council, to be used and devoted to the storage of the same. Provided that the city council may revoke any such permit when it deems it necessary.

Section 2. That such gasoline or other liquid combustibles or inflammables shall not be drawn or kept in any room or place where there is any fire, flame or light, other than electric light, nor shall any igniting fire, flame or light be carried into such room or place or be lighted or made therein, nor shall such limited quantities of ten gallons, or less, of such combustibles or inflammaules which are kept for current use, be kept or confined in any close room or other place where such gasses or inflammable vapors cannot freely escape when emitted.

Section 3. The violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance shall subject the offender to a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars.

Section 4 This ordinance shall take effect and be in force after its passage and approval and after five days after its publication.

Passed May 17, 1910.

Approved May 20th, 1910.

Published May 27, 1910.

(SEAL.)

F. S. LEWIS, Mayor.

Attest:

C. E. SHIELDS, City Clerk.

Among Friday's passengers to Seattle were Mr. and Mrs. C. A Griggs and children, Miss Powell, John Hitch, and Fred Ulmer.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Seattle, Wash., April 30, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Argalus H. Matthews, of Port Angeles, Wash., who, on 2nd day of June, 1905, made Homestead Entry, No. 19077 Serial 01143, for SE¼, Sec. 35, Township 30 N., Range 6 West Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before James Stewart, U. S. Commissioner, at Port Angeles, Washington, on the 18th day of June, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Warrren Dodge, of Port Angeles, Wash.
Chales Filion, of " " "
J. M. VanKuren, of " " "
Lawrence Doyle, of " " "

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

Date of first publication, May 6, 1910.

Special Election Notice

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held within and for the unincorporated portion of Clallam county, Washington, on the 20th day of June, A. D., 1910, between the hours of 9 A M. and 7 P. M., at which time will be submitted to the qualified electors of said unit the question, "Shall the sale of intoxicating liquor be licensed within the unincorporated portion of Clallam County, State of Washington." N. M. Hawkins,
Auditor of Clallam County, Washington.

Dated this 20th day of May, A. D., 1910.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Seattle, Wash., May 20, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Francis Gilson Cox, son and only heir of Ellen S. Cox deceased, widow of Aurin E. Cox deceased, of Seattle, Wash., who, on Oct. 8, 1907, made Homestead Entry, No. 19597, for W ½ SE¼, E½ SW¼, Section 28 Township 29 N., Range 6 W., Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five-year Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Seattle, Wash., on the 15th day of July, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:

John D. Hickok, of Port Angeles, Wash.
E. A. FitzHenry, of " " "
Theodore Bradshaw, of " " "
Albert Smith, of Seattle, Wash.
George W Wells, of Seattle, Wash.

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

Absolutely Pure...

Morey & Wright
Successor to H. P. McNut
Horse Shoeing and Wagon Repairing
Satisfaction Guaranteed

IT MAKES A MAN FEEL PRETTY GOOD
TO HAVE MONEY IN THE BANK

If you don't believe it will make you feel good to have money in the bank and watch it grow, just TRY IT. It will be easy for you to save if you will only BEGIN. Do it to-day

Make OUR bank
YOUR bank

Bank of Clallam County
Port Angeles, Washington
Established April, 1895.

SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, County of Clallam.

J. M. Henderson, Jr., Plaintiff, vs. Edward F. Howard and the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound Railway Co., a corporation, Defendant.

The State of Washington,

To the above named defendant, Edward F. Howard:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this Summons, to-wit, within sixty (60) days after the 6th day of May, 1910, and defend the above entitled action in the Court aforesaid and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer on plaintiff's attorneys at their offices below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of said complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is to foreclose a certain real estate mortgage on the following described property, to wit:

The West one-half (W½) of the Southeast quarter (SE¼); the Northeast quarter (NE¼) of the Southeast quarter (SE¼); and the Southwest quarter (SW¼) of the Northwest quarter (NW¼) of Sec. 28, Township 30, North Range 14 West of the Willamette Meridian, Washington, containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres.

Said mortage being given to secure the sum of $1215.00, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6%) per cent per anuum from the 30th day of November, 1908, together with an attorney's fee of ten per cent of the above amount and costs and disbursements of this action; said mortgage having been made and executed on the 30th day of November, 1906, by the above named Edward P. Howard as Mortgagor, in favor of the above named J. M. Henderson, Jr., as Mortgagee.

GILL, HOYT & FRYE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Office and P. O. address:
427-9 Colman Bldg.,
Seattle, King County, Washington.

Anticipating Our Rmoval

In the early fall to our new concrete building. We are offering Season Goods at very low prices

Ranier Lawn Mower worth 3.50 at 3.00
Cascade Lawn Mower (ball berring) 5.00 at 4.75
Cascade Lawn Mower (ball bearing) 14 in. 6.50 at $6
Olympia Lawn mower (") 16 in. 10.50 at $10

Garden Hose

¾ Rubber, guaranteed one year,	10c	per	foot
" " " " "	11½c	"	"
" " " " "	15c	"	"
" Cotton " " "	9c	"	"
" " " " "	12c	"	"
" " " " "	14c	"	"

Lawn Sprinklers Grass Hooks
Grass Shears Lawn Rakes
Grass Scythes, etc.

R. D. WILLSON
HARDWARE CO.

Beginning Saturday

BIG REDUCTION

SHOE 15% Off SALE

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

On All Classes of Shoes and Oxfords

QUEEN QUALITY AND FOOT-SCHULZE

These are lines which everyone knows—the standard makes—and their worth is known to all, and are included in this sale

A $5 Shoe for 4.25
A $4 Shoe for 3.40
A $3 Shoe for 2.55

This percentage off on ALL SHOES for Men, Ladies, Misses and Children, no matter what the grade or cost

We Mean What we Say

15% Off ! 15% Off ! 15% Off

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

J. P. JENSEN SHOE STORE

You Need a Good Remedy for

Chapped Hand and Face

Keeping Freckles Away

To Stop That Cough

To Ease Those Corns

We carry the best of every
One of These Remedies

Mathewson's Drug Store

PHONE 28

Just Received New Crop

HUMES MAPLE SUGAR

and Pure

MAPLE SYRUP

1 lb Cake Maple Sugar 20c
Bottle Maple Syrup 50c

Choice Dried Fruit

Evaporated Peaches 10c
2 lbs Evaporated Apples 25c
3 lbs Fancy Prunes 25c
Amocat Seeded Raisids 10c

Canned Vegetables

Zepa Tomatoes 10c
Zepa String Beans 10c
Maine Peas 10c
2 Cans Choice Corn 25c

Lard Substitute

5 lb Pail 75c
10 lb Pail 1.50

THE GATE CITY GROCERY
PHONE 243

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

The new styles are now ready. Do not miss this splendid opportunity to select your wearing apparel from the complete variety of styles shown only by

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS., CHICAGO

PERFECT FIT AND SATISFACTION ASSURED

Ready-to-wear suits and dresses $10.00 and up, lingerie and tailored wash suits $2.75 and up, coats $5.0o and up, skirts $1.00 and up. Waists, petticoats, sweaters, muslin underwear, kimonos, knit underwear, hosiery, corsets, gloves, leather goods, neckwear, etc., also Misses' suits and skirts, and children's dresses at correspondingly low prices.

Mhe styles are the most beautiful and are such as are shown only in the large cities.

PLEASE CALL AND SEE THE BEAUTIFUL FASHION PLATES AND SAMPLES

I cheerfully offer you any assistance I can render you in making your selections, taking measurements, making alterations and delivering the goods to you at the same low prices you would for the same goods in their store or ordered through their catalogue.

Complete full line of Henderson corsets and McCall patterns.

MRS. A. GOLDWATER

CITY NEWS

Button Day.

New pictures to-night at the STAR

Norwegian Sardines, 10c, at Fish Market.

Baker will trade you a new stove for the old one.

Wanted, a chambermaid. Apply at Hotel Angeles.

Mrs. E. Eacrett was a returning passenger from up sound Wednesday.

Mrs. James Gallagher returned home Monday from Seattle, where she visited relatives.

Miss Esterre Powell went to Seattle last Friday, returning to her school duties Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Smith were up sound visitors first of the week, returning home Wednesday.

For Sale—Range, chairs, extension table and other household furniture. Mrs. E.A. Ball, cor. 5th and Chase.

P. S. Harrington, Seattle, enroute to Lake Crescent, was a guest at the T. F. Trumbull home at the dinner hour, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Earles came down from Seattle last Friday and went out to the camp at Port Crescent, returning Sunday.

Colonel Mann of Oshkosh announces his belief that the earth is passing through a series of dry years. It begins to look so in Angeles.

Memorial Sunday, May 29. Services at First Congregational Church at 11 a. m. Sermon by Rev. Stephen Smith. Special music by choir.

Howard Farmer had the misfortune to fracture an arm while engaged in athletic sports up sound one day last week. He came home Saturday.

Mr. T. S. Brophy of Seattle was an Angeles visitor Friday and Saturday, going out Sunday to his Lake Crescent cottage for a rest and to enjoy the fine fishing.

Miss Fannie Burlingame, after a six weeks pleasant visit at the Brook Farm home of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Bullock, departed for her home at Earlville, Ill., Wednesday.

Mrs. W. H. Elliott returned home Wednesday from Blyn where she was on a mission of mercy, caring for her sick daughter, Mrs. Main, soothing the death pillow as only a mother can.

Landlord and Mrs. M. J. Kerkes were Port Townsend visitors Sunday, going up to the fort city by auto and returning on the Whatcom Monday. First thing you know M. J. will be driving an auto of his own.

Miss Beatrice Allen entertained her class, the Seniors, at luncheon last Friday noon, with covers laid for twelve. The table was centered with a mound of lilacs and dainty place cards made little souvenirs of the happy occasion.

Miss Brophy came down from Seattle on Wednesday's boat and was the guest of Mrs. McGillivray until Thursday, when she went out to the Lakes to join her brother, Mr T. F. Brophy, at their summer cottage on Lake Crescent.

Ladies Literary Club met with Mrs. Hickok last Friday afternoon and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Prest., Mrs Elizabeth Fleming; Vice-Prest., Mrs. Elizabeth Fisher; Secretary, Mrs. Ida D. Ross; Treasurer, Mrs. Daisy Fleming. A full attendance and a good time was the order of the day.

The sprinkling of the business section of Front street is a great improvement, and a source of satisfaction and comfort to our business people and a blessing to every citizen whose business calls him upon the street at this season of the year when the trade winds are on. Del Church and Herman Mitchell, who turn the faucets, get at their work at five a. m. The business men pay the taxes.

The steamer Charles Nelson took on a cargo of three million shingles and 2000 posts at the Morse dock last week for California points. The Homelon also loaded two million shingles. As a result of the thirty day suspension, shingle men of the state estimate, between 2,500 and 3,000 carloads of shingles have been kept off the market. Thus, the market has been saved from demoralization.

Rev. J. M. Goulder of Port Townsend lectured to large houses at the First and Second M. E. churches Sunday and Monday nights on the temperance question, emphasizing his strong statements with stereopticon pictures of considerable merit. Crowded houses greeted him each night. He left Tuesday to give his lecture at Sequim. Wednesday evening a local option meeting was held at the McKee chapel on Pine hill and was addressed by local speakers H. S. Thorpe and J. E. Cochran. A. J. Cosser, acted as chairman. Tonight the same speakers will hold forth at the Christian Science hall at 8th and Oak streets. All are invited to attend.

Something good — Finnan cured Cod, better than imported Haddies, at City Fish Market.

Button Day. Watch for the buttons; Button Day is coming.

Watch for the Buttons.

All kinds of Garden Tools. H. Baker & Son.

Imported Fish Balls, 20c per can, at Fish Market.

Special Sunday Chicken dinner, 4 to 7, 35c at Hotel Angeles.

Genuine Iceland Herring, large and fat, 3 for 25c, at Fish Market.

Button Day. Watch for the buttons. Button Day is coming.

Mrs. J. W. Troy left Monday for a visit at Dungeness.

Willis Cook of Sequim was a business visitor Wednesday.

Walter Goodwin and son left Friday last for the Alberta country, where they expect to locate.

Among Monday's passengers to Seattle were Mrs. Tower, Miss Coleman, L. M. Campbell, John Bowers.

Mrs Thos. T. Aldwell returned home from her eastern visit Monday. Mr. Aldwell stopped off at Seattle for a few days.

W. K. Clark returned Wednesday morning from a trip to the west end, reporting lovely weather and everything looking fine.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. McGregor of Pasadena, Cal., arrived Wednesday to spend the summer at their new home at Lake Crescent.

Capt. S. A. Hoyt, Launch Inspector, passed through on his way to Seattle from a tour of inspection of launches plying on Lake Crescent.

The little five year old son of Oscar Winters, while fishing in Bradley creek Thursday morning with a bent pin and a piece of twine, caught a trout measuring fourteen inches.

Among Wednesday's passengers up sound on the Whatcom were C. H. Prescott, Harry Coventon, H. F. Phelps, W. K. Clark, J. M. Davis.

Mrs. Stephen Land will serve a 15 cent lunch Wednesday, June 1st, from 2 to 5 at her residence on Lincoln and Boulevard. Proceeds to apply on the M. E. parsonage Everybody cordially invited.

R. H. Kidd, now of Beaver prairie, came up on a visit Friday and left for Dungeness the early week. R. H. says he never worked so hard before. All of his family are well pleased with their new home.

Ralph Lutz and Wallie Meagher, two of Port Angeles former high school boys, now graduates of colleges, spent the early week in the city with relatives and friends and later left for the lakes for an outing.

J. B. Taylor was here the early week shaking hands with his many old time friends. Mr. Taylor with his wife and three children are out from Illinois, where he has been sojourning all these years, on a visit with his brother and family at Dungeness. He expects to again locate some where on the sound, but has not definitely decided where.

The ball game Sunday was a decided success. The boys were in trim and played another of their good games. The score of 6 to 5 in favor of the home team bespeaks a well fought game. The fans will be given a treat Sunday at 2:30 by a game between the Court House "Bunch" and Business men. Both sides, being old ball players, will be able to show home team a few good points in the game.

Sunday school in the Baptist church Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Song service in the evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting every Thursday at 7:30 o'clock.

Regular services at the Congregational church hereafter by the Rev. Stephen Smith, late of Lebanon, Conn. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday School at 10 a.m. Everybody invited, especially those who have no other church home.

FOR SALE

Residence property, corner 4th and Race streets; lots 100x140 feet, good 7 room house, 12 bearing fruit trees, and out buildings. Also vacant building on corner lot, formerly used as a grocery store. Price, $1600 Enquire at my residence, First St. bet. Vine and Albert. Mrs. Geo. Welch

A Large Consignment Just Received

Screen Doors.
Screen Windows.
Garden hose.
Lawn mowers.
Grass hooks.
Croquet Sets.
Lawn sprinklers.
Watering pots.
Ice cream freezers.
Hammocks.
All kinds of tents.
Camp stoves.
Screen doors.
Screen windows.
Gold Metal folding cots.
Bicycles at cost to close them out. Closing out fishing tackles and rods at reduced prices.

All goods will be sold at popular prices. H. Gutenberg Hdw. & Fur. Co. Store.

...THE...

PORT ANGELES GROCERY CO.

FLOUR, FEED and GROCERIES

Oat and Alfalfa Hay

We have the Exclusive Sale—

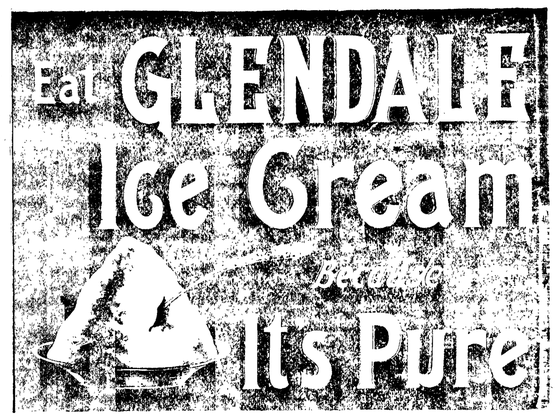
Of Ideal Flour, the best that can be made from the best Blue Stem Wheat

Of the Famous Chase & Sanborn Teas and Coffees

Of the Waldorf brand of Canned Goods, the best Eastern Product

If You Want Quality Try These Goods

F. A. STILES, Proprietor.



Call For It at Fruit Stands

HOUSE CLEANING TIME.

You will be in need of floor coverings. We have received a large shipment of Linoleums, Carpets, Art Squares, Rugs, and nice assortment of Mattings. Lace Curtains and curtain stretchers, carpet sweepers. All colors of paints and oils. A good assortment of Jap-a-lacs to brighten up your furniture. All goods will be sold at the lowest possible prices at H. Gutenberg Hardware and Furniture Co.

C. E. COLE

BARBER

Remember

Owing to increase in business I have employed an up-to-date barber and am now able to do "Good Work" and the service will be quick as any in the city

SANITARY BATHS

Best in the City. Hot Water Always Ready

Next Door to Merrill's Grocery

Now is the time to get your [illegible] cles cleaned and repaired, at H. [illegible] & Son's.

Screen doors, garden tools, garden hose, all lengths, at Christopherson & Leland's.

New line of Iron beds and matresses at H. Baker & Son's.

Special Sunday Chicken Dinner 35c at Hotel Angeles, served from 4 to 7.

Poultry Netting and Garden Tool at H. Gutenberg Hdw. and Furniture Co.

Goldwater Bros. carry Walkers' Grape Juice in 10c, 15c, 25c and 50c sizes. Good for what ails you.

Entire change of program to-night at the Star Theatre

Palace of Sweets

FRUITS - CONFECTIONERY

AND

ICE CREAM PARLOR

We also carry the best assortment of Chocolates & Fruits in the City

Goldwater Bros.

Great Shoe Sale

3,000 Pairs Put In On Consignment by the

SUNFLOWER SHOE CO.

Look for Dodgers giving you full particulars and prices.

14 DAYS ONLY!! MUST MAKE RETURNS.

Times Clothing Mart

R. A. MUSKETT

A THRILLING SPORT IN CENTRAL ASIA.

FOX HUNTING WITH EAGLES AS ENJOYED BY THE SEMI-WILD KIRGHIZ NOMADS.

CENTRAL ASIA is doubtless the home of falconry. There is no mention of the popular sport among the Romans until after the time of Vespasian, but it is known to have been practiced by them as early as the fourth century. From that time until a comparatively recent date this exhilarating sport was in great favor throughout Great Britain and Europe. In England falconry died out as a popular sport during the time of the Stuarts, so that by the end of the seventeenth century little attention was given it.

In France falconry was most practiced in the first half of the sixteenth century, especially during the time of Francis I. His grand falconer had a yearly revenue of 4,000 florins, or nearly $2,000. Under his direction there were fifty gentlemen and the same number of falconers, the whole establishment costing that monarch about $20,000. While this is a rather modest sum, as we view those things to-day, it seems the French King thought he was keeping up this royal sport in a royal way. By the time Louis XIV. ascended the throne of France the institution had become really quite expensive. Louis XVI. tried in vain to reduce the expense of maintaining the royal falconry. It remained for the Revolution to sweep it away in France.

In Germany falconry retained its existence as a popular and national sport until near the close of the eighteenth century. It was also a favorite pastime in Italy and other countries of Europe. In Asia the Persians developed great skill in the art, training falconers to hunt all manner of birds, and even many of the smaller animals of that region, such as the gazelle. Doubtless this is due in great measure to the fact that this sport had its origin in that part of the world.

Old prints and engravings depicting the sport as practiced in England give one little idea of the spirit with which it is followed in Asia, even to this day. A picture showing the congregation leaving some fashionable New York City church on a pleasant Sunday afternoon would pass for a portrayal of real war just about as truthfully as those old prints showing the nobility going afield to indulge in a few hours of hunting with falcons represent the real sport as followed by the daring riders of Asia who indulge in this pastime. A glance at the accompanying illustration from the London News is conclusive evidence in support of that statement. One can fairly see the movement, so truthfully has the artist handled his subject. It requires no stretch of imagination for one to feel that in such riding there is the thrill that courses through one's being from a keen sense of ever-present danger. Here one sees no ambling palfrey burdened with lady fair, nor over-fat charger bearing a knight in silken armor; and the difference is quite noticeable, indeed.

Another noticeable feature brought out in the illustration is that the natives of those regions not only use hawks and falcons, but they train eagles for the purpose of pursuing such game as the gazelle, the fox and even the wolf. The Kirghiz nomads of Central Asia are keen sportsmen who highly prize these magnificent birds and the sport they give. During part of the year this sport forms their chief amusement. The men ride out in company and beat the country for a fox, their favorite quarry. The hunt is short, but the excitement is intense. As soon as the quarry is sighted the eagle is unhooded and thrown. A mad rush follows—eagles, dogs and men on their wildly racing steeds. The eagle "stoops" at the fox in efforts to turn it. When successful, the dogs rush in and pull the quarry down.

The weight of these birds is very great, and on the saddle can be seen the wooden perch which the falconer uses to support his arm when carrying an eagle on his fist.

OUR PATENT SYSTEM FAULTY.

Sixty Per Cent of Issues Are Valueless, in Whole or Part.

"We are handing out to-day, in 60 per cent of the cases, patents that are almost worthless, in whole or in part," was the declaration made by Commissioner of Patents Moore at a hearing before the House committee on patents, the Washington Star says.

"No other country does that," he added. "We are away back in that matter. We have been asleep. Germany has a vastly superior system to ours. So has Great Britain. I have been over there three times to investigate conditions in Europe. We are trying to build up this system so that it will be worth something.

"It is unwieldy now and if not braced in many directions it will fall of its own weight. The German patents are better, because their applications are more thoroughly searched before patents are granted, owing, of course, to the better facilities afforded by the German patent office. The German patent is regarded as of greater validity because they have the facilities for searching as to novelty. Their examination exhausts everything and Germany is thus enabled to guarantee the novelty of the invention; the government makes that guaranty of the patent, throwing the burden of proof on the infringer.

The board of examiners in chief is a judicial body and passes upon a great quantity of cases, where large monetary interests are at work. I could cite you many cases where influences are brought to bear. I have been approached. There is hardly a day passes that some sort of influence is not brought to bear upon some one in our office, upon me, and, I suppose, every commissioner has felt the same thing."

Commissioner Moore was advocating proposed legislation to amend the patent laws and practices.

KING OF TRAMPS.

After Girdling Globe 6 Times Frank Clark Warns of the Wanderlust.

Frank Clark, king of tramps, arriving in Chicago after completing his sixth trip around the world, says he has traveled 300,000 miles. He walked 265,000 of that distance, riding 35,000 miles in the United States and Canada without the payment of one cent fare. He exhibits newspaper clippings and other credentials in support of his claim. Clark says:

I am a hobo by choice and am the king of tramps. In my twenty-two years' travels I have visited every nook and corner of the world, and have circled the globe six times.

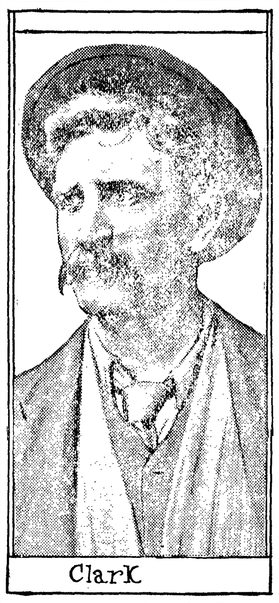
The wanderlust was proved a curse to me. It seized hold of me when I was a ragged newsboy on the Bowery in New York. I joined the navy that I might not turn to tramping the universe. But it was too tame, and when I was 24 years old I began to roam. Since then I have been constantly on the go, just a plain everyday American hobo.

I made it a study and became a professional tramp. Now I am an old man. My hair is tinged with gray, and I walk with a stoop. I am tired of it all. I am a failure in life. I never married. Sometimes I wonder if I could not have been a success in life had I tried. It all seems like a dream.

But I am through tramping. I came back to America to die. Belated ambitions have lately sprung up in my breast and I want to satisfy them before I die. Maybe it is too late now. I fear it is.

Nothing I have done was worth while. I have been taking in the sights all my life. My experiences read like a yellow back novel, but they don't bring me bread. I am lonely and tired of it all, and have no place to go. Any place is home to me.

I have been imprisoned and driven out of four countries. I have mingled with the scum of the earth. Women



Clark

tramps of Spain have been my companions one month, and I have associated with successful Americans abroad the next. Too often for my own good American consuls have come to my rescue and have made me comfortable. Again I would go hungry for days.

I learned to speak the language of every country in the world; at least I picked up enough to ask for lodging and food. I have been shot at, and beaten into insensibility by ruffians of foreign countries.

There are thousands of boys in the United States that have this same craving to travel. To them I will say.

Stay with your parents.

Don't read yellow-back novels.

Go to school and study hard, and attend Sunday school.

Wait until you can afford to travel before you begin to roam.

Because:

A tramp must sleep in barns.

Often he must go hungry.

He may dress in rags.

He is likely to fall into evil ways.

He may be a drunkard or burglar.

He must chop wood.

No one has any respect for him.

He loses interest in life, and may decide life is not worth living.

There are scores of other reasons why boys should not be tramps. Last of all, I point to myself as a reason why a boy should not be a hobo. If you have the wanderlust, overcome it before you are lost.

LAWYER A MODERN INNOVATION

Evolution from the Crude and Barbarous Rulings of the Powerful.

In the more primitive times the man was the head of all family relations; his wife, his children, his servants, were his to do with as he would. If a babe was deformed, sickly or a girl where he wanted a man-child, he had only to say the word and it was slain or exposed to the elements and wild beasts.

Later kings arose, and when such an one ruled a tribe or nation "whom he would he slew, and whom he would he kept alive." Suspicion in the king's mind meant death, swift when merciful and lingering through untold torments when kingly hatred or policy so decreed. In due time the priest became at times superior to patriarchal prince and kingly tyrant and claimed his human sacrifices to appease the outraged gods.

Not only the criminal and the captive enemy perished. "In Ur of the Chaldees," when Abram left the city with his childless wife Sar-ai, both doubtless rejoiced in their hearts that no man-child of theirs had gasped out its budding life on the altar of Hurki, the relentless moon god. Under systems so crude and cruel man lived subjected to strong thieves and slaying mercilessly brute and man who lessened by fraud or force his limited substance. From a general paucity of necessities and luxuries and the ease of escape beyond the reach of post or pursuit, arose the Draconian laws, which put to death millions of human beings for crimes that to-day are petty offenses indeed.

Naturally this "king's justice" was an inquisition and not a trial, decided not on abstract rules and carefully weighed evidence, but by whatever rude justice, mercy, policy or favor might rule the royal mind or judge's reason for the time. Execution followed fast upon sentence, and when the Assyrian's face was covered and he was led forth he knew that bitter torture or sudden death was close at hand.

Whoever questioned the justice of the king or the decision of judge or priest might be a brave man, but seldom survived the resentment of his judges. Therefore the lawyer is a modern innovation.

A Little Scheme of Hers.

Ella—Why do you let him call you by your first name?

Stella—I want to encourage him to help me get rid of my last name.—Judge.

Old Favorites

Little Nell of Narragansett Bay.

Oh, well do I remember
My boyhood's happy hours,
The cottage and the garden
Where bloomed the fairest flowers—
The bright and sparkling waters
O'er which we used to sail,
With hearts so gay, for miles away,
Before the gentle gale.

Chorus—
Toll, toll the bell,
At early dawn of day,
For lovely little Nell,
So quickly passed away;
Toll, toll the bell,
So sad and mournfully,
For bright-eyed, laughing little Nell
Of Narragansett Bay.

Oh, I had a dear companion,
But she is not with me now;
The lily of the valley
Is waving o'er her brow,
And I am sad and lonely,
Weeping all the day,
For bright-eyed, laughing little Nell
Of Narragansett Bay.

Oh, I loved the little beauty,
And my boat was all my pride;
And with Nell close beside me.
What joy the foam to ride;
She would laugh in tones so merry
To see the waves go by,
As wildly blew the stormy wind,
Or murky was the sky.

Though lightning flashed around us,
And all was dark and drear,
We loved the brave old ocean,
And never dreamed of fear;
The hours bounded onward,
The boat dashed through the spray,
With bright-eyed, laughing little Nell
Of Narragansett Bay.

But one day from us she wandered,
And was soon within the boat;
The cord was quickly loosened
As out the tide did float;
The little bark flew lightly
And swept before the wind,
Till land and home and friends so dear
Were many miles behind.

Next day her form all lifeless
Was washed upon the beach;
I stood and gazed upon it,
Bereft of sense and speech;
'Tis years since thus we parted,
But still I weep to-day,
For bright-eyed, laughing little Nell,
Of Narragansett Bay.

HOW ENGLAND GOT IN DEBT.

Was the Outcome of 22 Years' Struggle With France.

Toe Lloyd-George program of public-finance, whose promulgation a year ago precipitated the most remarkable fiscal controversy in the history of modern England, was the logical outcome of a situation which has long been in process of development. Speaking broadly, says Frederic Austin Ogg in the American Review of Reviews, it was during England's twenty-two-year contest with republican France and with Napoleon that the nation was started upon the career of indebtedness, public expenditure and augmented taxation which has led straight to the fiscal complications of the present day.

The struggle with the French was easily the costliest of all modern wars. Upon it Great Britain expended the sum of £831,500,000 ($4,157,000,000)—very much more than the aggregate outlay of the nation upon all other wars in which it has had a part since the times of Oliver Cromwell The consequence was threefold. In the first place the national debt, which in 1792 stood at £237,000,000, was augmented by upward of £622,000,000. In the second place there was a great leap upward on the part of the ordinary recurring expenditures. After 1815 the army and navy called for an outlay of from three to four times the amounts allocated to these services in Pitt's frugal budget prior to the war; while the annual interest charge upon the debt had come to be no less than £32,000,000, or upward of twice the total public expenditure for all purposes in 1792. A third consequence of the war outlay was the piling up of taxation beyond all precedent, so that a yield of £19,260,000 in 1792 had been raised by 1815 to £74,500,000. And although after the restoration of peace there was some remission of taxation, so that by 1818 the yield had been reduced to £59,500,000, far the larger part of the burden imposed by the costs of the French wars has been carried by the taxpayer of the realm from that day to this. But for interest charges imposed by Camperdown and Trafalgar and Waterloo, Mr. Lloyd-George would have had ample means a year ago for the paying of pensions to the aged and the building of new Dreadnoughts without the necessity of additional taxation at all.

To the Critic Higher Up.

There may be small excuse for it
You may have little use for it,
And curl your super-story lip in supercilious way;
You may regard it banefully,
And pass it up disdainfully,
But when it gets the money wotine have you to say?
—Chicago Tribune.

The Beggar Part.

"Your wife looks charming to-night, Mr. Blinkers," remarked the hostess at the reception. "Her new costume simply beggars description."

"Well, I don't know as to that," rejoined Blinkers, "but it almost beggars me."—Chicago News.

Some day you are going to do a lot of things you ought to do to-day: Nobody seems to care much for time when procrastination is the thief.

If the weather is bad for the crops, be an optimist and go to a baseball game.

A Man of Judgment.

When the new summer boarder spoke regretfully of the timidity of her two children, she was amazed to see a look of delight spread across the leathern countenance of Amos Hodder. "That's a good telling," he said, heartily. "Never you fear, ma'am, but that I can give 'em some good times, now I know they are the scared kind. They can go haying with me, and riding, and out in the barn-yard anywhere they please. It's the brave children, the kind that aren't afraid of anything, that scare me.

"Yes, ma'am," he went on, seeing the boarder's bewilderment. "It's the boys that'll try to ride the old turkey-gobbler, and pat Jemima—that's the cross cow—and milk Wilhelmina—she isn't an overly good-dispositioned cow—and want to drive the colt, that make me tremble.

"There was a little girl here with her ma one summer. She went right out on the front stoop in the middle of a thunder tempest with a pair o' shears in her hand to fasten 'em with wire to the lightning-rod and 'see what would happen.' And she tried to 'soothe' one o' the kittens when 'twas having a fit.

"I said to the mas in both cases, 'Isn't that child o' yours afraid of anything on this earth?' and they both made answer, 'No.' They allowed neither 'o those children knew the meaning of the word fear; they 'had been brought up to know that all things were good.'

"I let them stay their time out each summer, but I never got caught again with either of 'em. And I can tell you one thing, if those children had been spanked by me the way they'd ought t've been, they'd have known there was one thing that wasn't 'good' forever after."

So many people suffer from sleeplessness and other real or imaginary affections of what we call our nerves; and so many who think they suffer also think they find relief in a certain cycle of hypnotic drugs, that the permanent effect of these drugs on health is a matter of even more popular than medical interest. The drugs in question are derived from the by-products of gas-making and oil refining, coke burning and the like. Science has utilized these unpleasant mineral smells as it has utilized the animal smells of the packing houses. These compounds are grouped together for the chemist by the fact that they approach the highly complex formulas of organic chemistry and for the vulgar world of apothecaries and patients by the fact that the names of most of them end in al. They differ from the opiates or narcotics formerly used to produce sleep in their direct effect upon the brain and nerves through the circulation. This effect is produced through an influence upon heart action against excess of which medical men warn patients and which observing patients are able to detect. This effect varies in different preparations and in different patients, according to their condition and susceptibility, all the way from a slight depression of vitality to complete heart failure and stoppage of life. Some drugs seem to affect one person in this way and some another, but few persons are immune to all of them. It appears that medical men in the East are proceeding from individual warnings in relation to the use of these drugs to an organized campaign against any resort to them except on a physician's order and under his direction. They resemble other remedies in the respect that injurious results follow their abuse. Whether these results are so uniform and certain as to make it necessary to pay a doctor's bill every time one takes a dose appears still to be a matter of dispute.

His Last Moments.

Nurses in hospitals are rather apt to lay too much stress on the advantages received by the patients and their duty to thankfulness, but still it is the poor soldier who suffers most from always having his causes to be grateful flung in his teeth, the San Francisco Chronicle says.

Witness the following true story:

Chaplain—So poor Hopkins is dead. I should have liked to speak to him once again and soothe his last moments. Why didn't you call me?

Hospital Orderly—I didn't think you ought to be disturbed for 'Opkins, sir, so I just soothed him as best I could myself.

Chaplain—Why, what did you say to him?

Orderly—"'Opkins," says I, "you're mortal bad."

"'I am,' says 'e.

"'Opkins,' says I, 'I don't think you'll get better.'

"'No,' says 'e.

"'Opkins,' says I, 'I don't think you can 'ope to go to 'eaven.'

"'I don't think I can,' says 'e.

"'Well, then, 'Opkins,' says I, 'you'll go to the other place.'

"'I suppose so,' says 'e.

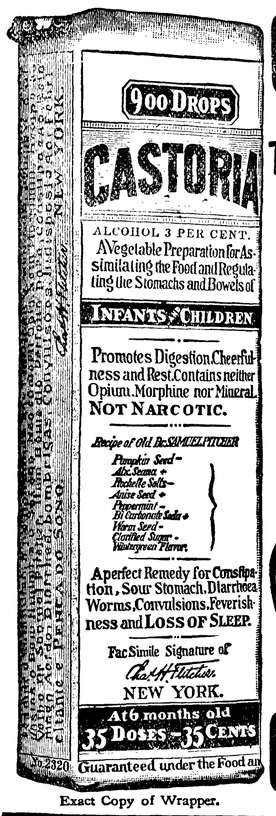
"'Opkins,' says I, 'you ought to be very grateful as there's a place perwided for you, and that you've got somewhere to go.' And I think 'e 'eard, sir, and then 'e died."

All clubs exist to make people comfortable and happy—they can have no other raison sentre—but London has a new club which specializes in happiness, so to speak. None but the happy can belong to it; none but those who seek happiness will be admitted, although members will be permitted to "have a good cry" in order to realize happiness. The idea of such a club, it seems, was suggested by the splendid success of Maeterlinck's charming and beautiful poem-play, "The Blue Bird." This is a delicious fantasy for children and adults alike, and it teaches the truth that happiness lies near at hand, in one's home and immediate surroundings, rather than in distant, unrealizable plans and ambitions. Those who deliberately and assiduously seek happiness fail to find it, or find it only when, after many disappointments and shattered illusions, they return home—apparently empty-handed. In other words, happiness is within us, dependent on ourselves, our attitude toward life, our sense of beauty and peace and serenity. It may seem at first that the moral of Maeterlinck's play bars the seeking of happiness in a club as well as in any other external, material thing, but we must not be too logical and too pedantic. There is no reason why people with the genius for happiness should not flock together and afford an example to those of us who worry and fret and take life too tragically or business too gloomily. Let us hope happiness clubs will multiply and impress upon others the fact that it is not necessary to be rich or famous or exceptionally gifted in order to be happy. The joy of life is for the many, not for the few, if they will but learn to take it. Nature, art, culture, philosophy, friendship, humanity—such things cannot be monopolized, and it is they that give true happiness.

Brown Bread.

Mix two cups of sweet milk with one cup of sour, add two cups of white meal, one cup of flour, one cup of molasses, two teaspoonfuls of baking soda and a little salt. Mix well, turn into a mold, and steam for three hours, then set in the oven for five minutes before turning out.

If the question is not out of order how many chews would Dr. Fletcher recommend in the case of custard pie?



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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Loss of Appetite

Which is so common in the spring or upon the return of warm weather, is less of vitality, vigor or tone, and is often a forerunner of prostrating disease.

It is serious and especially so to people that must keep up and doing or get behindhand.

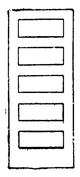
The best medicine to take for it is the great constitutional remedy

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets known as Sarsatabs.

Builders Bargain House



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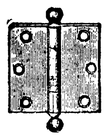
Door Hinges 12c. Pair



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SASH AND DOORS FROM MILL DIRECT TO YOU SAVE RETAILERS PROFIT WE SHIP ANYWHERE WRITE FOR CATALOGUE

O. B. WILLIAMS CO. SEATTLE

Baked Sweet Potato.

There are four different ways of baking the sweet potato, one of the most popular being as follows: Boil three large sweet potatoes, peel and slice them in strips and arrange them in layers on a baking dish, sprinkling each layer with sugar and small pieces of butter. Shake a little of the sugar and butter on the top and bake until brown. If the potatoes are too dry, add a little boiling water.

Vegetable Soup.

With a vegetable flavored soup a clear beef stock is best. Tomatoes are important, and carrots, turnips, leeks, celery, lima and string beans, corn, rice and sometimes barley are used in combination. All the vegetables should be neatly cut into cubes and added according to the length of time required for the cooking of the various kinds.

Schnecken.

One cup of sugar, one pint of sweet milk that has been scalded; one-half cup of melted lard; one-half cup or one cent's worth of yeast; flour to mix quite stiff. Mix and set over night to rise. Knead as you would bread and set to rise again. Roll out one-half inch thick, spread with butter and currants, roll up and cut into inch slices. Set them to rise and, when light, bake.

A New York servant girl has left $5,000 to the family by which she was employed for 32 years. Paste this in your kitchen.

"Don't preach to the children all the time," says an authority. Sound advice. Spank 'em one in a while.

People are becoming so skeptical that before long the butter dealer will have to drive up with a cow and a churn and make the goods in the yard.

An Indiana woman hired a tramp to chop some wood and then discovered he was her long lost husband. She probably recognized him by his chops.

Strong Winds and Sand Storms cause granulation of the eyelids. PETTIT'S EYE SALVE soothes and quickly relieves, 25c. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Chicago firm bought $60,000 worth of postage stamps all at once and did not get a cent off for cash. Uncle Sam takes care of the small consumer.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

The Cautious Mother.

"Mother, may I go study bridge?"
"Yes, my darling Mabel.
Learn all the rules you can by heart,
But don't go near the table."
—Harper's Weekly.

Women are pretty smart, regardless of the fact that they occasionally invest their alimony in another experiment.

Does the truth prevail?

The reason a foolish man talks too much is because he doesn't know when to stop.

It is frequently difficult to corner a man who isn't square.

GOLDEN WEST COFFEE TEA SPICES BAKING POWDER EXTRACTS JUST RIGHT A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE CLOSSET & DEVERS PORTLAND, ORE.

SEND THIS AD. FOR FREE PREMIUM LIST

Pacific Coast Biscuit Company

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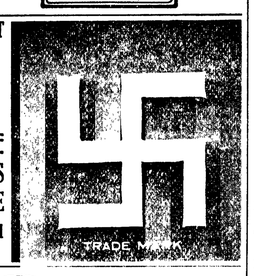
Ask for Their Goods and

SAVE THESE SWASTIKA END SEALS THEY ARE VALUABLE

They Will Secure You Many Useful Articles Without Cost



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We'll soon count you among them. It's just a matter of time. More and more housewives are giving up the old-style, high-priced, Trust-made Baking Powders. Thousands are turning to

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One trial does it. You'll never go back. Speak to your grocer. Lighter, sweeter baking or *money refunded.* Far better. Costs much less. You won't believe it till you try for yourself.

25 Ounces for 25 Cents

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Munyon's Paw Paw Pills coax the liver into activity by gentle methods. They do not scour, gripe or weaken. They are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves; invigorate instead of weaken. They enrich the blood and enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. These pills contain no calomel; they are soothing, healing and stimulating. For sale by all druggists in 10c and 25c sizes. If you need medical advice, write Munyon's Doctors. They will advise to the best of their ability absolutely free of Charge. **MUNYON'S, 53d and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.**

Send 10c for Trial Package.

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WE MAKE SCREENS IN ANY SIZE OR SHAPE

SEND LIST OF WINDOW SIZES AND GET OUR LOW PRICES

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REDUCE THE COST OF LIVING; USE CRESCENT BAKING POWDER 25c. FULL POUND

A Free Trip to Seattle and Return. Let's Bust the State Dental Trust.

Take a trip to Seattle and let me save you the price of your trip on your dental work. You save a dollar, I make a dollar and the State Dental Monopoly will lose two dollars when I do your dental work. Have your dental work done now while the dental war is on. My offices have been established at 713 First Ave., in the Union Block, for 18 years. I do not compete with cheap dentists, but with the high-class dentists for half their price. Open evenings until 8 and Sundays until 4 for people who work.

EDWIN J. BROWN, D.D.S.

713 First Avenue Seattle, Wash.

Read my article in Sunday's P.-I. and Monday's Times and Star.

Abbie Ben Adhem.

Abbie Ben Adhem (pretty as you please,
And dressed as neatly as one ever sees),
One day was absent when her friends began
To turn such absent ones beneath their scan.
"She paints!" vowed one, and sadly shook her head.
"She flirts!" another with a shudder said.
"I've heard that so and so and so and so," a third
Declared, and all cried: "Well, upon my word!"

And so in half an hour poor Abbie's fame
As well as reputation and once honored name
Were torn to tatters, and her friends declared
She was the sort by whom fool men were snared,
And that if they were she they'd have more pride
Than to give cause for rumors undenied.

In fact, they came to the conclusion then,
That Miss Ben Adhem should not be again
Held in their friendship as she once had been,
But that she should be spurned with glances keen,
And that while some reports might not be true,
Of course, "a person never really knew!"

The next day these same friends met to compile
A list of those who should be asked to while
Away an afternoon at tea and whist,
And each one then prepared her lengthy list,
Suggesting who to ask and who to snub—
For it, you see, was an exclusive club.

And who, think you, was most important guest?
Lo, Miss Ben Adhem's name led all the rest.

—Wilbur D. Nesbit, in Life.

A Chicago man wants a divorce because his wife, after drinking heavily, saw dragons coming from her shoes, and also because she had a code of window signals whereby she would let her affinity know when she was alone in the house. We don't believe any fair-minded man or woman will insist that this husband is unreasonably anxious to be free.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$5, $4, $3.50, $3, $2.50 & $2

THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS.

Millions of men wear W. L. Douglas shoes because they are the lowest prices, quality considered, in the world. Made upon honor, of the best leathers, by the most skilled workmen, in all the latest fashions.

W. L. Douglas $5.00 and $4.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing $6.00 to $8.00.

Boys' Shoes, $3, $2.50 & $2

W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it. **Take No Substitute.**

Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If not for sale in your town write for Mail Order Catalog, showing how to order by mail. Shoes ordered direct from factory delivered free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Bad Breath

"For months I had great trouble with my stomach and used all kinds of medicines. My tongue has been actually as green as grass, my breath having a bad odor. Two weeks ago a friend recommended Cascarets and after using them I can willingly and cheerfully say that they have entirely cured me. I therefore let you know that I shall recommend them to any one suffering from such troubles."—Chas. H. Halpern, 114 E. 7th St., New York, N. Y.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 925

Hints About the House.

To remove tea stains lay the fabric over a bowl and pour boiling water through it.

A flat file is one of the best things on which to sharpen bread, meat and chopping knives.

When vegetables with roots become soft and withered, slice off one end and lay in water for a few hours.

If a pan smells of onions boil it out with tea leaves; this will make it perfectly clean and sweet smelling again.

If mixed with milk instead of water mustard will not get dry, but will keep nice and fresh until it is all used up.

A little vinegar put in the water in which eggs are poached will keep them whole and prevent them from spreading.

To prevent starched articles sticking to the iron add a pinch of salt and a little lump of lard to the boiled starch.

Rusty knives can be cleaned by soaking the blades in paraffin oil and then rubbing them with finely powdered ashes.

A good way to tell when ham is fried enough is by the fat. When the fat is brown (not burnt) the ham is done.

Burning oil is spread by water. To extinguish it throw down flour, sand or earth. The idea is to prevent the oil's spreading.

Iron handkerchiefs in the middle first and the edges can then be ironed more easily. If the edges be ironed first the middle will swell out, and the handkerchief cannot be folded in a good shape.

To put starched curtains on the rod without tearing, first run a lead pencil through the hem, inserting the rubber end; that opens the hem easily and quickly.

When the mincing machine needs oiling use a drop of glycerine. This will prevent any risk of disagreeable taste or smell, and will make the machine work easily.

If new enamel saucepans are placed in a pan of warm water, allowed to come to the boil, and then cool, they will be found to last much longer before either cracking or burning.

The Wholesome Pineapple.

Pineapple is delicious to the taste and some one has discovered that it is a sovereign remedy for indigestion and that it a good fruit tonic, too. To a lemonade served at afternoon bridge and whist parties add pieces of pineapple and grapefruit, with thinly sliced orange and sprigs of mint. Do not serve sandwiches containing fish with this lemonade. Lettuce, egg and chicken sandwiches go well with the beverage.

THE KEYSTONE TO HEALTH IS HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

The Bitters has clearly proven, during the past 56 years, that it is an ideal tonic and invigorant for those in a weak and debilitated condition. It aids digestion and keeps the bowels open. Try it to-day.

S N U No. 22—1910

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

White Fruit Cake.

Cream a cup of granulated sugar with one-half cup of butter, add the beaten white of an egg, a cup of sweet milk, a cup of flour sifted with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, two-thirds of a cup of seeded raisins mixed with one-third of a cup of minced citron (both well-floured) and a teaspoonful of sherry or almond flavoring to taste. Bake in a loaf tin.

Little Princess Yolanda of Italy had a tiny sewing machine as a present on her 6th birthday, and has her daily stint of sewing to do, either by hand or machine. How many little American girls are brought up as sensibly? What a royal princess is taught to do cannot be beneath the diginity of other children, and yet there are too many homes where girls and boys whose work is not needed for the support of the family are allowed to grow up in ignorance of the simple and wholesome activities of housewifery and household management.

Chili Sauce.

One can of tomatoes, one large onion. Drain the tomatoes, chop the pulp, also the peeled onion and add the tomato juice, two teaspoonfuls of mixed spices, a cupful of vinegar—or enough to give a sharp flavor—one-third of a cup of sugar and salt to taste. Mix well, put in jars and seal.

Without Alcohol

A Strong Tonic	Without Alcohol
A Body Builder	Without Alcohol
A Blood Purifier	Without Alcohol
A Great Alterative	Without Alcohol
A Doctor's Medicine	Without Alcohol
Ayer's Sarsaparilla	Without Alcohol

We publish our formulas

Ayer's

We banish alcohol from our medicines

We urge you to consult your doctor

Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They act directly on the liver, make more bile secreted. This is why they are so valuable in constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick-headache. Ask your doctor if he knows a better laxative pill.

—Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.—

HOWARD E. BURTON. Assayer and Chemist, Leadville, Colorado. Specimen Prices: Gold, Silver, Lead, $1.00; Gold, Silver, 75c; Gold, 50c; Zinc or Copper, $1. Cyanide Tests. Mailing Envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and Umpire work solicited. References: Carbonate National Bank

WOMAN'S GENTLE NATURE CALLS FOR GENTLE TREATMENT

Delicately formed and gently reared, women will find, in all the seasons of their lives, as maidens, wives or mothers, that the one simple, wholesome remedy which acts gently and pleasantly and naturally, and which may be used with truly beneficial effects, under any conditions, when the system needs a laxative, is—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. It is well known to be a simple combination of the laxative and carminative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic liquids, which are agreeable and refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system when its gentle cleansing is desired.

Only those who buy the genuine Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna can hope to get its beneficial effects, and as a guarantee of the excellence of the remedy, the full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co.—is printed on the front of every package, and without it any preparation offered as Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is fraudulent and should be declined. To those who know the quality of this excellent laxative, the offer of any substitute, when Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is called for, is always resented by a transfer of patronage to some first-class drug establishment, where they do not recommend, nor sell false brands, nor imitation remedies. The genuine article may be bought of all reliable druggists everywhere; one size only. Regular price 50 cents per bottle. Get a bottle today to have in the house when needed.

Cook in Comfort You no longer need wear yourself out with the weakening heat of an intensely hot kitchen. You can cook in comfort.

Here is a stove that gives **no outside heat.** All its heat is concentrated at the burners. An intense blue flame (hotter than either white or red) is thrown upwards but not around. All the heat is utilized in cooking — none in outside heating.

New Perfection WICK BLUE FLAME Oil Cook-stove

entirely removes the discomfort of cooking. Apply a match and immediately the stove is ready. Instantly an intense heat is projected upwards against the pot, pan, kettle or boiler, and yet there is **no surrounding heat—no smell—no smoke.**

Cautionary Note: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "New Perfection."

Why? Because The New Perfection Oil Cook-Stove is scientifically and practically perfect. You cannot use too much wick—it is automatically controlled. You get the maximum heat—no smoke. The burner is simple. One wipe with a cloth cleans it—consequently there is no smell.

The New Perfection Oil Cook-Stove is wonderful for year-round use, but especially in summer. Its heat operates upward to pan, pot, or kettle, but not beyond or around. It is useless for heating a room.

It has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot.

It has long turquoise-blue enamel chimneys. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove ornamental and attractive. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company (Incorporated)

WHERE TO SHOP AND STOP IN SEATTLE

CLUB BATHS, INC.

Get the habit of taking a Turkish bath when in the city. Private rooms at less than hotel rates, with Turkish bath included. Arctic Club Building, Third and Yesler.

SAMPLE SUIT HOUSE

Men's and Young Men's $30 Blue Serge Sample Suits, $17.50. TRACIE, Room 207, 905½ Third, Traders Bldg.

Men and Women: We have the Only Reliable System of Barber Colleges in the world. We teach the trade thoroughly and completely where others fail. A contract written in Seattle is good in any of our 38 Branches throughout the U. S. and Canada. Wages while training. Expert Instructors. Free catalogue. **Moler Barber College, 206 Second Ave. South, Seattle.**

FREE! FREE! FREE!

Men and Women: We teach the Barber Trade absolutely FREE. Expert Instructors. Tools Furnished. **Seattle Barber College, 120 First Ave. South, Seattle.**

ELASTIC HOSIERY

Abdominal Supporters, Stockings for Varicose Veins, etc., made to order; Expert Fitters. Measurement blanks sent on request.

REID BROS., 215 Arcade Building.

J. W. Edmunds, Oph. D., optician, 701-703 Leary building. Ind. 1378; Main 2174. Do your eyes hurt you? Edmunds knows the CAUSE. Do you want the BEST? Edmunds has it. If you don't need glasses, Edmunds will tell you.

E. E. HOPKINS

GROCERY CO.

Phone 33

Start the New Year Right

Buy your Groceries and Feed from a store that carries finest and best line in the city to choose from.

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Pay for the best and get it.

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A complete line of

Light and Heavy Harness, Saddles. All the different kinds Collars Harness Repairs and Various Trimmings

Repairing of all kinds neatly done and given Prmpt Attention

Chas. Brandt, Prop.

By the CITY SCALES

No matter How small Your account Is

We will be pleased to transact your business and extend to you the facilities of our bank.

KEEP IN MIND

Citizens National Bank

Port Angeles, Wash.

Mrs. M E. Troy

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Conventional and Naturalistic work a specialty

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For Sale

Gasoline, 2 and 4 cycle

Ferro Marine Engine

Gasoline, Benzine, Distillate, Fuel Oil and Cup Grease

J. M. Martin

ak Street Dock

SEQUIM

Died on May 20th, Mrs. Louisa Fairchid, wife of John Fairchild, aged sixty-eight years. Mrs. Fairchild was a widow with six children when she married Mr. Fairchild; all survive her. One son, Frank Sewart, and family live here near his mother. Mr. and Mrs. Fairchild came to Sequim about two years ago and have built a very nice home in what was at that time in the woods. She was highly respected by all having the good fortune to know her. Her bereaved husband has the sympathy of all.

J. A Adams is building a large barn.

L. J. Seward has the bridges between Sequim and Long prairie now ready for business.

Charles Fitzgerald is getting ready to build a large barn.

There will be a clearing-up day at the Sequim cemetery next Thursday, June 2nd. The men are all cordially invited to come prepared to work, and the ladies are to furnish the dinner. All meet at the G. A. R. hall. Let everybody turn out and see if we can do a job to be proud of; then come as early as you can.

It is reported that Jack Knapman has bought an acre on the corner near the school house and will build in the near future.

There was a good crowd at the dance in the opera house last Saturday night. A party of young people came down from Port Townsend.

The rain will be a great help to the lately sown grain and to the gardens.

Rev. A. Davis will preach his fare well sermon next Sunday, the 29th. Rev. and Mrs. Davis will return to their home in Port Townsend next week. Their many warm friends will be very sorry to lose them.

Decoration Day will be observed next Monday. The old soldiers will meet at the G. A. R. hall at 9 a. m. There will be speaking. Everybody is invited to come.

The school entertainment last Friday was a grand success. The children all rendered their parts splendidly, especially the little milk maids with their milking stools. The larger girls will repeat their drill with flags on Decoration Day.

Saturday was a beautiful day for the school picnic, and there was a large crowd to help the children have a good time. The tables were loaded with good things, with plenty of ice cream for everybody. The directors, helped out by their wives, did their part so well that everybody had a good time.

Jack Knapman has sold his fine home on Sequim and has moved to town to live in his son Henry's beautiful house near hotel St. Clair.

A party of our young people took an automobile trip to Lake Crescent last Sunday.

DUNGENESS

Mrs. Sarah Clark is quite ill.

Mr. J. Knapp went to Seattle Sunday.

J. Hall and Alf. Cays are working with the crew clearing the river. The donkey is on the river at Codman's.

Mr. A. Cays, and Mrs. Cays with F. Roberson and wife drove to Angeles Tuesday.

M. Carson of Sequim was a visitor at the school Wednesday.

Miss DesVoigne and Ruth Clark were visitors to Port Angeles Saturday, as also was Mr. Myres.

Mr. Golder's stereopticon temperance lecture was enjoyed by a good sized audience Saturday evening in the church.

The LaMott Company played before crowded houses Monday and Tuesday evenings.

Quite a crowd of young people attended the graduating exercises in Sequim Friday and some were down to the picnic on Saturday.

The primary grades are dismissed for the summer this week. The children will have a picnic in the grove opposite to Al. Evans' place on Friday.

The Ladies' Club will give a program and dance in the hall Saturday evening.

Memorial services will be held in the cemetery Monday afternoon. The G. A. R. from Sequim and the Relief Corps and others will be met at the covered bridge by the people and children of Dungeness at two o'clock.

PROGRAM MAY 28, 1910.

Piano Solo .....Ruth Clark
Recitation, The Fishing Party, ...Johnnie Wilder
Piano Duet, ...Irene and Janice Brooks
Vocal Solo, ...Mrs. Ward
Reading, ...Mr. Myers
Piano Solo, ...Gladys Cays
Recitation, She "Displains" It, ...Catherine Monson
Chorus, ...Improvement Club
May Pole Dance .....Fourteen children
Quartet, ...Mrs. Ward, Mrs. Cline, Mr. Myers, Mr. McMullen
Solo, ...Winfred Monson
Piano Solo, ...Gladys Taylor
Recitation, In Auntie's Pantry, ...Lavena Cline
Piano Duet, Ruth Smith, Theresa Evans
Recitation, A Boy's Complaint .....Willie Brooks
Chorus, ...Grammar School Girls

BLYN.

Mrs. G. L. Baker of Seattle is now staying with her mother, who is ill.

Miss Ruth Knapp returned to Dungeness Sunday, after a few days visit at her home

Mr. and Mrs. James Nason have a sister of the former visiting them at present.

Mr Frank Delaney has taken a contract of cutting and hauling ties for the Sequim Logging Company. He has J. Knapp and Fred Osborne helping him.

Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Balch of Sequim were up here picking rhododendrons Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Waldron were here getting rhododendrons Sunday on the rhododendron ranch.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

All members of the city council except Mr. Harding were present at Tuesday night's council session. Routine work only was transacted.

One of the pleasing features was the report of Engineer Gibson to the effect that the installation of the water heater at the light plant and the covering of the piston and pumps with asbestos is saving the city 30 per cent. in fuel, or an aggregate of nearly a $1,000 per year.

Electric lights were ordered extended to C. I. Haswell's new residence on Cherry street.

Residents along the west side of Laurel street, from 7th to the Boulevard, petitioned the council for a new five foot walk, showing that parts of a walk now there is in a dangerous condition Dangerous condition of walk on Oak street from Front to Second, was also reported, and matters were referred to the Street Supt. for report.

Election officers were named as follows:

First Ward—W. V. Moore, Inspector W. R. Gould, Marion Bell, Judges.

Second Ward—John Bell, Inspector. C. D. Allen, H. M. Fisher, Judges.

Third Ward—John Smith, Inspector F. A. Pingerd, C. W. Fields, Judges.

Fourth Ward—W. T. Caven, Inspector. H. Jackson Hartsell, Chas. F. Jones, Judges.

Fifth Ward—Thos. Olson, Inspector, A. W. Grierson, John McKee, Judges.

Sixth Ward—J. B. Fleming Inspector, B. B. Bowman, David O'Brien, Judges.

LODGE NOTICES

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 358, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Elks Hall, opposite Office Hotel, Visitors cordially invited.

J. I. Kirchberg, Exalted Ruler.
T. F. Trumbull, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall

E. R. Wait, N. G.
M. H. Wait, V. G.; Frank Wait, R. S.; H. R. Pardo, F.S.; J. J. MacKechnie, Treasurer.

Modern Woodmen — Port Angeles Camp No. 6043 meets second and Fourth Friday nights in I. O. O. F. hall. Visiting neighbors always welcome.

W. G. Martin, Consul.
C. E. Shields, Clerk.

W. O. W.—Port Angeles Camp, No. 697, meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in I.O.O.F. Hall.

J. D. McRoberts, Consul Com.
R. A. Martin, Clerk

For iron beds of all kinds call on Christopherson & Leland.

PROSPEROUS "DRY" PULLMAN

Continued from page 1.

Pullman, Wash., Nov. 26, '09.

Dear Sir:—We are pleased to state during the past eighteen months we have done business in our city without saloons and the results are very gratifying both in a business and a general way. Our business has been fully one-third greater than it was while we had saloons in our town, our collections are much better and especially of the so-called saloon loiterer. Our city is made up of a class of people who come here because we have a clean and desirable city government which can not be had in a city or town full of saloons.

We have not a vacant business house in town and not even a vacant house for house-keeping.

Very truly,
Whithan & Wagner,
General Merchandise.

Pullman, Wash., Dec. 7, '09.

Dear Sir:—Replying to your inquiry regarding the condition of our city since we went "dry," I am very glad to give you the following statement:

As to morals, we find the less desirable class of men who hang around the saloons do not remain in town as a rule, so making a very noticeable improvement.

There is no doubt whatever that we have reduced the amount of drinking to a very small fraction to what it formerly was. In a business way the city has been very materially improved both in regard to sales and collections and in new buildings erected. There have been more new business buildings put up since the town went "dry" than in ten years before, while new residence construction has been increased. I find by careful inquiry that rents on business property have been increased considerably in spite of the large increase in the number of business places available. The financial condition of the city at the time it went "dry" was very bad. The indebtedness amounted to about 15 per cent of the assessed valuation and was increasing about one per cent per year. The policy of the "dry" administration has been more conservative, with the result that while taxes have been raised slightly the total debt has been decreased at about the same rate that it had been increasing. An analysis of the situation shows that the decrease in running expenses has been practially the same as the revenue formerly received from the saloons. The opinion of the change held by our voters is shown conclusively by the returns of the recent local option election—224 "dry" to 50 "wet." Even the most radical supporters of the saloons here admit that the issue is dead for many years at least.

It can be said, therefore, that the only marked financial effect upon the town has been the increased business done by the merchants and the reduced loss on collection.

Very truly,
H. B. Carpenter, Mayor.

Should anyone question the authenticity of these letters, it would cost but little to make inquiries as to their genuineness.

NOTICE TO VOTERS.

In accordance with the law governing the opening and closing of Poll Books, you are hereby notified that the pool books for the City of Port Angeles will close on Thursday, June 9th, 1910, at 10 p. m., for the Local Option Election to be held on Monday, June 20th, 1910.

Dated the 26th day of May, 1910.

[SEAL.] C. E. SHIELDS, City Clerk.

FOR SALE

Fine home 1 and ¼ miles from P. O. Three acres seeded All kinds fruit, a horse and buggy, wagon and other farming implements. Two cows, one heifer. Will sell for part cash, balance in payments. Or will sell stock. Call on

E. E. Seevers or J. B. Davis. 2t.

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.

The Best Cedar Shingles Made.

Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.

Coffee, Teas and Spices

All specially imported and blended for our trade

Bric-a-Brac and Novelties

Phone 25 Hong, Young Co. Ling Toy, Mgr.

P. J. WILLIAMS The Old Reliable Jeweler

Watch Repairing a Specialty

NOTICE OF HEARING.

No. 433.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington for Clallam County.

In the Matter of the Guardianship of Lewis H. Cays and Morris E. Cays, Minors.

Arthur W. Cays, guardian of the above named minors, having on the 23d day of May, 1910, presented to and filed in this Court a petition, duly verified by his oath, praying for an order to sell certain real estate belonging to said minors and to reinvest the proceeds of said sale for the support, maintenance and education of said minors, and the Honorable Court Commissioner of Clallam County having made and entered herein an order fixing Saturday, the 18th day of June, 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the court house in Port Angeles, Washington, as the time and place for the hearing upon said petition and ordering notice thereof to be duly given; Now, in pursuance of said order,

Notice is hereby given that said petition will be heard on said 18th day of June, 1910, at the hour and place above named, at which time and place the next of kin of said minors and all persons interested herein or in the estate of said minors may appear and file their objections in writing, if any they have, and show cause why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Superior Court this 25th day of May, 1910. HORACE WHITE, Clerk.

SEAL.]

SEASONABLE GOODS

Now is the time to look after your fence. All kinds of wire fencing, plows, discs, spring tooth harrows, and garden tools, Jr. Planters, wagons, buggies, harness, building cement, lime, plaster, lath, doors and windows. Big stock on hand. Will be sold at lowest reasonable prices.

H. Gutenberg Hdw.& Fur. Co.

Lake Crescent Property.

If you have a lot fronting on Lake Crescent and want to sell it, communicate with me, stating size, location and price.

C. R. Jones, 425 Bailey Bldg, Seattle, Washington.

NOTICE.

Elks Convention August 10th, 11th and 12th. Local hotels will not be able to lodge all visiting Elks therefore the citizens are requested to open their homes for entertainment. Those having spare rooms, with or without board, please at once notify.

E. E. Day,
M. J. Kerkes,
Conrad Luppen,
Committee.

NOTICE OF LOCAL OPTION ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held within and for the incorporated city of Port Angeles, County of Clallam, State of Washington, at N. R. Smith's Building, Front street, in the First Ward; at Council Chambers in the Second Ward; Roods' Shop in the Third Ward; at Cabin on 6th, between Peabody and Vine, in the Fourth Ward; at Pringle's Cabin in the Fifth Ward, and at Old School House in the Sixth Ward, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1910, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 7 p. m., on said day, at which time will be submitted to the qualified electors of said City the question, "Shall the Sale of intoxicating Liquor be Licensed within the City of Port Angeles, County of Clallam, State of Washington?"

C. E. SHIELDS, City Clerk.

Dated this 12th day of May, A. D., 1910.

SUMMONS.

No. 2520.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

George Priest and Jennie Priest, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Warner Tobler, Defendant.

The State of Washington to the said Warne. Tobler, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to wit, within sixty (60) days after the 22nd day of April, 1910, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for plaintiffs, at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

That the object of this action is to foreclose a mortgage upon lots one (1), two (2) and three (3) in section five (5) Twp. twenty-nine (29) north, range three (3) west of Willamette Meridian, in Clallam County, Washington, and for other relief.

TRUMBULL & TRUMBULL,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

P. O. address, Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington.

$25.00 Reward

Offered for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person mutilating or destroying any of my signs on the road to Lake Crescent.

Mrs. Rose Littleton,
Prop. Hotel Marymere.

LEWIS LEVY

Real Estate Broker

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Chas. P. Donnell

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Sequim, Wash.

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Attorney at Law

Office on Front Street
Port Angeles, Wash.

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